DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 10

J. HATTMAN SMITH, editor of the Paris Express, and the most humorous journalist in his state, has been tendered the oil inspectorship for his town. Let no man hereafter say that republics are ungrateful.

THE Vanderbilt university buildings are to be finished next October, and then "the old man" is coming to see for himself how they look. Nashville will doubtless endeavor to convince the Commodore that they would look much better if he would duplicate his previous remittances.

THE Mecklenburg centennial excitement is becoming general throughout North Carolina. Large sums are being subscribed in different parts of the state, and the indications are that it will be altogether the grandest celebration ever held in the south.

CHATTANOOGA will soon listen to the jingling bells of a mule-car railroad. A track is to be built from the Tennessee river, along Market street, to Montgomery avenue, provided the business men and and property holders in Market street will make the company a cash donation of one thousand dollars. The road is considered a sure thing.

KELLOGG is imitating his imperial patron in extravagance. In 1860 the expenses of the executive office in Louisiana, including the governor's salary, was $10,560. Kellogg requires this year $27,300, and this amount was included in an appropriation bill. In addition to this sum, which he draws openly from the treasury, the opportunities of his office are believed to be so cultivated as to yield magnificent returns in cash.

GRANT'S kitchen organ in Washington attributes the defeat in Connecticut to Speaker Blaine, Hawley and Kellogg, who recoiled from the administration programme in regard to the force bill; and says that cowardice had as much as anything to do with the disaster. The defeat of Hawley and Kellogg, who opposed the force bill, and the election of Starkweather, who supported it, are cited as proofs. It will take the elections of next fall to drive the truth through the thick skulls of our Cæsar and his retinue.

THE Raleigh journals and other unreasonable papers in North Carolina have vigorously claimed that the recent decision of their supreme court upon the right of the Richmond and Danville railroad company to change the guage of the North Carolina railroad, was not a decision of a majority of the court. Chief-Justice Pearson, however, states that he concurred with Judges Reade and Settle in affirming the right of the lessee to change the guage Judge Bynum alone took an opposite view of the matter The fifth member of the court, Judge Rodman, concurred with the majority, but took no part in the case, because he was a stockholder in the North Carolina railroad, and therefore interested. Since the publication of these facts, the disaffected journals begin to consider Col. Buford's *coup d' etat* as final, and all concerned are setting down to the conviction that the situation is not so very bad after all.

SENATOR BAYARD, of Delaware, did splendid service in the glorious Connecticut campaign. He did not mince matters in the least. His speech at New Haven was especially merciless, but just arraignment of Grantism. Let one paragraph suffice:

One difficulty in the present government was that at the head of it was a soldier who didn't know the first or any other of the principles of republican government. Arguments he had none, and his acts were like his mind; his notions were bold, fearless, unconciliatory; and he had never sought to enlarge them by advice and counsel. His policy was that of a soldier. Louis XIV once said that "artillery was the last argument of kings;" which meant that force was the last argument, after reason and justice had been exhausted. Yet what was the last argument with kings had been the first and only force employed by the president of the United States. They had seen intelligence degraded and ignorance and brutality encouraged. The speaker defied any man to point out a single case in General Grant's administration where an official, no matter how much evidence of his malfeasance had been brought forward, had been removed because of such evidence.

Cris and Lena.

Baker & Farron, with Bidwell's dramatic company, gave a very satisfactory and amusing rendition of the above at DeGive's last night. The coquettish, charming little German girl, *Lena*, was an excellent piece of character acting by Farron. His *Tim Flaherty* was the Irishman to life.

The impersonation of a Dutchman by Baker, was one of the best we have ever seen on our boards, and as facial artist, he is highly gifted.

The *Mahloon Guards* elicited much and continued laughter.

To-night is the last one of the engagement, and to those who are fond of amusement and would enjoy real genuine fun, we can cheerfully commend the company.

Suicides.

By Telegraph to the Constitution.)

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—Charles Bendix, formerly vice president of the Tentonic national bank, has committed suicide. Cause, ungentle fortune.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The ship Madria, from Bremen for New York, was abandoned. The captain and eleven men were brought here. The first and second mates and nine men had left the ship in a boat, and there was one drowned.

Col. John M. Powell, once a wealthy Mississippi farmer, committed suicide on morphine. Powell's grandfather was George Washington's cousin.

Reduced Fare.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Erie railway company announces the following reduction of fare from New York, taking effect on Monday as follows: To New Orleans from $50 to $44; Mobile from $45 to $39; Memphis from $38 25 to $32 25; Montgomery from $37 50 to $31 50, with proportionate reductions from Boston and Philadelphia to the southwest.

The Spanish University.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

MADRID, April 10.—The head position in the Madrid university has been conferred upon Senor LaFeunte, formerly editor of a Carlist newspaper. No liberal professor would accept the post. There is much dissatisfaction at the appointment, and students are signing a protest against it, to be presented to the government.

Paul Boynton.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

DOVER, April 10.—Paul Boynton started at 43:0, and is to cross the channel in his life safe dress, press boat accompanying him laying telegraph cable; the telegram is dated mid channel, 7:15, and says Boynton is 14 miles out, going splendidly, in good spirits and smoking. Cape Griesvey is in sight.

Polygamy.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

SALT LAKE CITY, April 10.—Judge Boreman trying a polygamy case at Beaver, Utah, decided that polygamy was a continuous crime and limitations don't apply.

Bond.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—Judge A. A. Atocha, provost marshal under Butler, is out.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA GA., SUNDAY MORNING APRIL 11, 1875. Vol. VII---No 277

Cotton—Volume III—No. 32.

The receipts this week are 39,000 bales, compared with 48,000 last year, and 49,000 the year before. It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 30,000 bales, compared with 39,000 last year and 56,000 the year before, and the receipts at the interior towns 6,000 bales, compared with 8,000 last year and 9,000 the year before.

WEATHER.

The thermometer has averaged 65 degrees at noon; clear and pleasant every day; no rain. The same week last year the thermometer was 66 degrees at noon; clear and pleasant five days; cloudy and rainy two days. Rain fall for the week 3 06 of an inch. The same week year before last the thermometer was 61 degrees at noon; clear and pleasant five days, and cloudy and warm two days; no rain; light frost two nights.

ATLANTA MARKET.

RECEIPTS.

	1875	1874	1873
Receipts this week....	477	242	310
Receipts previously..60,290	51,149	27,021
	60,767	51,391	27,331
SHIPMENTS.			
Shipments this week.	100	135	225
Shipments previously	57,228	49,253	25,400
	57,328	49,388	25,625
STOCK.			
Stock on hand.....	3,100	2,003	1,606
PRICE.			
Middlings.....	15¼	14¾	17¾

RECEIPTS.

The daily receipts at all ports for the next week for the past four years, are as follows:

	1871	1872	1873	1874
Saturday....	8 984	3,862	5,046	5,429
Monday.....	16,047	9,732	10,898	9,030
Tuesday.....	9,555	9,876	9,167	6,443
Wednesday...	4,080	3,766	8,111	6,734
Thursday....	9,733	3,639	14,313	4,577
Friday.....	10,165	6,142	7,252	6,619
Various	404	503	1,123	361
	63,962	37,480	55,912	39,193
Decrease from last week..5,000				9,000
Increase from last week..	3,000	6,000		

The cause of the receipts increasing some years about this time, is the price having risen, the farmers are more willing to sell and hurry the balance of their cotton to market before they get so busy with their crop they will not have time to haul it.

NEW YORK.

This market has been quiet and steady with medium sales. No change in the price. The stock in this city is counted the first of every month, and when the stock was reported the first of this month it was found to be about 16,000 bales short of the running stock. This made some little activity in contracts, but the large receipts the first part of the week caused them to be dull again. The price of middling cotton has been steady at 16⅝ for nineteen days. When a change comes it will be upwards.

LIVERPOOL.

This market has been firm and active, with large sales, at a rise of 1/8 of a cent in the price. This market will continue to rise, slowly, perhaps, but surely. The trade at Manchester is good, prices firm and steady for stock. The mills are entering into large contracts for goods to be delivered when made. The receipts at Bombay are falling off quite fast, the excess of receipts over last year having been 87,000 bales, while now it is reduced to 62,000, a loss of 25,000 bales, as compared with last year in two weeks.

BOMBAY, INDIA.

The following are the figures for the receipts and shipments to Great Britain and the continent for this year and the two years past, from the first day of January:

	1875	1874	1873
Receipts———	582,000	520,000	444,000
Shipments to Great Britain.....	260,000	210,000	243,000
Shipments to the continent..	153,000	145,000	85,000

DECREASE OF STOCKS.

The stocks are running down quite fast. Of the 550,000 bales now at the ports, 137,000 or 25 per cent. is already on shipboard or ready to go on board, and will all be exported in the next twenty days. Our own mills will require and will buy all which will be received at the ports the balance of the season. The receipts at the ports for the past three months have been 72 per cent. of last year same time, and it is likely this per cent. will not be varied much until the end of the season. The receipts at Memphis have been less than one half of last year for the past three months.

PLANTING.

In consequence of the long continued rain, the planting, especially of cotton, is fully ten days later than last year. In some places the ground could not be broken up, and now it is getting too hard to plow. Just now the weather is very fine, and if it does not come on very dry the farmers will catch up with their work, but the cotton plant will be late.

ESTIMATE OF CROP.

Under this head we copy two pieces—one from the Savannah News and the other from the Augusta Constitutionalist:

COTTON ESTIMATES.—No estimates as to the probable yield of the crop would be so reliable as those compiled under the auspices of the patrons of husbandry, and consequently none others would have any appreciable influence in regulating prices.—*Savannah News.*

There is nothing to prevent the patrons from making the estimate, and no law to compel outsiders to have implicit confidence in the estimate when so made. Several Georgia papers are attacking the cotton writer of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION for the estimate he made some months ago. It is said to be a notorious fact that the men who went against him have lost money, and when demonstration is attempted that Mr. Wight really had a commanding influence over the price of cotton in Liverpool, a credit is given him which he does not really deserve. A man who can, from Atlanta or Augusta, cause prices to be regulated in Liverpool, is one of the greatest men on the globe. We do not believe that such a person exists, with such tremendous power, and those who strive to prove it prove too much for their own common sense.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

The above slip from the Augusta paper shows Mr. Rendell is not devoid of common sense, and exactly meets our ideas. Any man who has wit enough to know the way from Savannah to Liverpool knows that these articles never has and never will affect the price of cotton ⅛ a cent in twenty years. The thing is preposterous to a man who knows anything of the cotton market. The press of this state have published lately many things untrue about these cotton articles, and many things without the least foundation. But it is all right. If they increase their circulation, increase their advertising list, put any more money into their pockets, or feel any better after having made these misstatements, we do not care. We shall not lower ourselves by entering into a newspaper war with any of them. Two years ago our estimate of the crop was 3,900,000 bales, and we only missed it by 30,000. Last year our estimate was 4,125,000, and we only missed it 45,000 bales. This year our estimate the first of September was 4,100,000 bales, and we shall miss it 250,000 bales, while the bureau and thousands of other equally as reliable persons will miss it 750,000 bales. Where is the difference between us?

Cardinal Manning.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

LONDON, April 10.—Cardinal Manning opened the Catholic College at Kensington, and said he regarded himself as entrusted with the a commission of warfare; believed the church was approaching a crisis the most fiery for three hundred years.

No Strike.

(By telegraph to the Constitution.)

SCRANTON, April 10.—The ballot taken at the several mines resulted in 1,319 for and 319 against work. The result gives unbounded satisfaction.

BEECHER.

The Old Story Retold.

Beecher Compliments Mrs. Moulton.

About His Resignation and Day of Judgment Letter.

Some New Faces Present and Old Ones Absent.

NEW YORK, April 8.—At the Tilton-Beecher trial to-day there were many persons present o both sexes now known to the old attendants. Mrs. Field is the only member of Mrs. Tilton's coterie who appears in the court with regularity. Mr. Beecher came in with his wife and sons, and a few moments after took a chair. It was fully fifteen minutes past the appointed hour when he commenced.

The witness testified: In December, 1872, I do not think there was any interview between Mr. Tilton and myself about Rev. Dr. Storrs, nor do I remember a conversation about his visit to Dr. Storrs.

DID TILTON THINK BEECHER A BLOCK HEAD?

When Tilton was reading the "True Story," and when he prefaced the passage by saying: "If you could stand that you could stand it all," I did not say he might as well state the fact as to put it in that way. In a subsequent conversation with Moulton, I said something about this subject: said Tilton was a blockhead if he supposed I would stand that sentence. This was said as a protest.

NO LAWYER TO HAVE PART IN THEIR COUNSELS.

The witness continued: Moulton said something about an interview with Tracy about this matter of which we were talking, and he dropped out that his lawyer had said so and so. I started with surprise, and he said he did not intend to carry the matter any further without lawyers. He said something about Tracy, but there was no understanding between us that he was to be brought into the case, nor did I propose his name The understanding was that no lawyer should be brought into our counsels.

Mr. Evarts read Moulton's testimony with regard to the conversation he stated he had with the witness about employing Gen. Tracy as counsel.

Mr. Beecher said nothing of the kind occurred. It is all imaginary. Witness said Moulton never said to me that he told Tracy that I was guilty of adultery with Elizabeth R. Tilton, and that he (Tracy) said if this was true, it must be kept quiet at all hazards. It is absolutely false, said the witness; there is not a word of truth in it; it is false from beginning to end. He never said anything to me about it, except what I have said. He never told me that he had told Tilton of having informed Tracy of it. This is entirely false.

A STUPID LIE AND FALSEHOOD.

In regard to the employment of Oliver Johnson as an editor of the Christian Union, the witness said: I never at any time said to Tilton that in my judgment it was better to have some person on the Christian Union who could handle the scandal. I never said I could not trust any of my editors with it. He never said to me he could remedy the evil, nor did he suggest Oliver Johnson as a fit and proper person to take hold of it. This is a stupid lie and falsehood. I never took his counsel about the employment of Mr. Oliver Johnson in any manner.

BEECHER HELPING TILTON.

Moulton said that unless there was some help for Tilton he would back out and if his friends did not help him over the bar he would have to give up the Golden Age. I always said I was will g to help him with both hand and voice. I don't recall that anything was said about Moulton's taking a hand with me in helping Tilton. At another interview with Moulton touching the prospects of Tilton one evening, he drew out of his pocket a letter and two checks. The two of them were time drafts of the sum of $2,000 or $3,000. He also read passages from the letter, saying this was all the money they would have at present. He then brought his hand down on the table with emphasis, and said "that's what I call friendship." This person was a lady, who sent the letter. She also sent a check to be used in assisting the Golden Age. This check, he said, was used but the time drafts were not. Moulton didn't tell me that Tilton had refused to take the money, saying he saw no way of returning it. I went home and thought over the matter, and I clamed myself for not helping Tilton and afterwards blamed Moulton for not asking me for money. I got five thousand dollars and went to Moulton with it. He expressed himself extremely gratified with it.

BEECHER COMPLIMENTS MRS. MOULTON.

Subsequent to December 30th I came to be more acquainted with Mrs. Moulton than I was before. This arose from my frequent visits to her husband and her house. I was there in 1873 and 1874, more or less frequently. Mrs. Moulton was companionable and lady like, and, learning she was aware of the difficulties, I conversed with her about them. I was received as if I was a relation. After being shown into the parlor, I went to her chamber, where she received me with strict lady-like propriety. I never knew her to do an unlady-like thing. In the latter part of my acquaintance she sometimes kissed me in the presence of her husband, and never but once in his absence.

BEECHER'S RESIGNATION WRITTEN.

Touching the publication of the tripartite agreement, the witness said: Moulton told me he had a devil of a time with Tilton, as he was angry about the publication, and was going to publish a card about it that evening. I told Moulton I had about reached the end of my patience, and if Tilton wanted to publish a card he could do so. I was unduly excited for a clergyman, and made remarks more emphatic than prudent. Mr. Moulton said he could stop Tilton from publishing the card in the Eagle that night, and I told him to go to the Eagle office and see Kinsella. On the next day I wrote a card of resignation. I saw Moulton and learned nothing would be done about the card before Monday. I showed him the card of resignation, saying this would be my answer to Tilton's card, if published. Moulton expressed surprise, and said "Good God!" and then went out. Mrs. Moulton came in. She came to me and said: "Mr. Beecher, I don't believe the stories they are telling about you; I believe you are a good man." I looked up and said: "Emma Moulton, I am a good man." She then bent over and kissed me on the forehead. It was a kiss of inspiration, but I did not think proper to return it. On the next Sunday morning I was disturbed, and could not make up my sermon. I wrote the letter to Moulton known as the day of judgment letter, when this interview was in my mind.

The Welsh Coal Miners.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, April 10.—The coal masters of South Wales have agreed to stop, lock out for a week, and then throw open their pits at a reduction of 10 per cent. If work is not resumed then, a further reduction will be demanded. They give the men time to consider the question. If these terms are rejected, 15,000 men will be unemployed.

Hinds Arrested.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution]

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Hinds, recently marshal of Alabama, has been arrested on a charge of complicity in tampering with mail bags. He will be examined by the United States Commissioner this afternoon. Kittle, also implicated, is among the witnesses.

Emigration.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

OMAHA, April 10.—Emigration to the west is unprecedented. 9,300 passed since March 1st, and 1,000 are waiting here for cars.

—A man who yesterday dropped two cents' worth of mail matter in the post-office box, and had to pay six cents to get it, went over and stood by one of the windows and said: "May Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, have the billous colic, the ague, the gout, the jaundice, corns, bunions, boils, and the buck-wheat scratches from this day noon for the next fifty years to come!"

Agricultural.

The next annual meeting of the national grange is to be held in November.

The expenses of the national grange last year were about $160,000, a large part of which was for printing.

The fine wool sheep, formerly so numerous in Vermont, and which were a source of much wealth, have almost disappeared from the State.

The Patrons of Husbandry, it is well ascertained, have now about $17,500,000 invested in co-operative stores, factories, mills, elevators, etc.

Breeding sows, should, as a rule, be kept by themselves and where they can have a good range. Sufficient exercise is essential to well developed progeny.

The state fair is to be held the last week in October, under the management of the state grange. It will be called the Alabama state grange fair, and will be held at Selma.

Broom corn was introduced in our country by Dr. Franklin. While examining a corn whisk (imported) he accidentally found a single seed, which he planted in his garden, and from which the corn was propagated.

An over-reaching horse, says an exchange, whose hind feet are continually hitching the forward shoes, would wear heavy shoes forward and light ones behind. The theory is, that the heavier hoof will be thrown a little further ahead each time than the lighter one.

Peter Henderson says that experiments with pure water, sawdust, charcoal, anthracite, brick dust, and sands of all colors and textures, showed that cuttings placed in each, in the same temperature, rooted almost simultaneously and equally as well.

We have it from a trustworthy source that about fifteen per cent of the nurserymen of Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa, with nearly as large a proportion of those of Missouri and Minnesota, are either bankrupt or so badly crippled that they will abandon the business as soon as possible. The interest seems to be depressed over nearly the entire north.—*Prairie Farmer.*

GUANO NOT AN ENCREMENT.

The long received opinion that guano is the deposit of myriads of sea birds, accumulating through long ages, is rendered untenable by the recent investigation of Dr. Habel. After treating the guano with an acid, microscopical and chemical examination revealed that the insoluble residue was composed of fossil sponges and other marine animals and plants precisely similar in construction to such as still exist in those seas. The fact that the anchors of ships in the neighborhood of the guano islands often bring up guano from the bottom of the ocean is quite in opposition to the prevalent belief. Dr. Habel therefore considers that the deposits of guano must be the result of the accumulation of fossil plants and animals whose organic matter has been transformed into nitrogenous substance, the mineral portion remaining intact.

BEST FOOD FOR HORSES.

In answer to inquiries as to the best food for mares in foal, and for a stallion, the veterinary surgeon of Wilkes' Spirit gives the following:

We consider good oats and good hay the safest and best food for mares during gestation. No bran mashes, corn meal, carrots or other vegetables should be allowed, as they are apt to disturb the bowels and induce colic. Oat straw is highly objectionable, owing to its tendency to accumulate in the bowels and produce indigestion.

There is no better diet than good hay and oats, given in such quantities as to keep the horse in a vigorous condition, and give him sufficient regular exercise to prevent his becoming too fat.

GRANGERS AND HORSE THIEVES.

Pleasant Grove grange, Breckinridge county, Ky., recently adopted the following preamble and resolution, which were unanimously adopted, that,

Whereas, Horse thieves have again commenced operations in this county, it is deemed expedient to be prepared for them; therefore

Resolved, That a committee of three stout and resolute men, and three alternates, all members of our grange, be appointed, and to hold themselves in readiness in case a horse is stolen from any member of the order, to go in pursuit immediately and never stop till they capture and bring the thieves to justice, or make them promise never to do so again.

Resolved, That the committee be paid all traveling expenses and a reasonable compensation for their services out of the treasury of our grange.

PLOWS AND PLOWING.

On the subject of plows and plowing, we ask the especial attention of our readers. The success of our plantation economy is dependent almost entirely on the plow. Thus you perceive there can scarcely be too much importance attached to the plow. A good plow drawn by a good team, and held by a good plowman, not only developes the hidden treasures of the soil (its productive fertility) but it may be so used as to prevent entirely the washing of the soil, and furthermore, which is perhaps its greatest advantage, may be made to counteract almost entirely the disastrous extremes of droughts, either way, which the planting interest of the country deprecates every year more or less. The only remedy in our climate, in the absence of irrigation, for those and certain evils—drought from dry weather or drought from too much wet, is to be found in the use of good, the best of plows, connected with level culture.

We fondly hope, and we expect to see the day when there will be such improvement made in our plows and our system of plowing, as to enable us to plow our lands, in preparing them for the crops, many inches deeper. A remunerating crop every year from land so treated is one thing that may be relied on. We are quite aware that there is an opinion among planters generally antagonistic to this position. Its truth, however, when developed in the progressive improvement of the age, will, like the glorious sun unclouded, shine none the less bright.—*Southern Rural Gentleman.*

SMALL FRUITS ON THE FARM.

To advise a farmer to grow small fruits for market, and at some time carry on his farming operations, is something that we will not do. But there are hundreds and thousands of farmers who have a natural taste for fruit-growing, and to whom farming has become a drudgery—especially that class who are not strong, to whom a change is desirable and necessary.

To these we would say, if you are living within three or four miles of a good home market, and cities not far away by rail or steamboat, a change to fruit growing will be both profitable and pleasant. The first thing to do is to rent out most of your land, or let it out on shares, reserving your home, and say ten to twenty acres of land for your fruit-growing operations, and if you have a love for the business, and go at it systematically and energetically, you will make more money from ten acres of land than you have ever made from your farm, and that, too, with less real hard work.

Plant only of leading, well-tried sorts, that are hardy and productive, give them good cultivation and plenty of mulch, and you will reap a large reward, and too, this kind of work makes less hard work for the women folks, and besides, supplies the table with fruit throughout the year.

—A scientific journal on the Pacific coast says: A strange disease has attacked the chickens in this city, and the hen roosts of a number of citizens have been almost depopulated. The malady attacks the birds in the night and so rapid is its progress that before morning they have wasted entirely away, not a single feather remaining to mark where they roosted. Dr. Sheridan has been consulted, and he says the disease is known as the "Larcenti Chinensis," and is very common on the Pacific coast.

—In a Fort-street car the other day a woman noticed an old man gazing at her very attentively. During a ride of a mile or more he kept his eyes fastened on her face, and he must at last have seen by her manner that she was annoyed, as he bent over her and said: "Excuse me, madam, but I can't help looking at you. You put me in mind of my dead wife; her nose turned off sideways, just exactly like your'n does!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack, Whitehall street.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchant—R. J. Griffin, No. 90 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers—McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY—S. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., T. F. Grady, 22 Alabama st., near Ga. Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods—F. M. Richardson, 32 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING—W. B. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING—Dykeman, No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY—H. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles—Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS—SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES—Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY—J. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Line streets.

DYEHOUSE—JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT—THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., AGENTS FOR J. Coal Creek and Soddy Creek Coal, corner Broad and Alabama streets.
nov3, '74—d1y

HOTELS.

DEAD HOUSE,
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE,
If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House.
W. M. LEWIS, } Clerks.
W. G. GANT,
june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the *DAWSON HOTEL*, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Pratt & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its depts.
july5-dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

PYE HOUSE,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.
RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodations superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN,
Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel,
Mrs. JULIA D. THWEAT.,
Late of Columbus, Ga
sep13—dtf

KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GA. J. Q. A. Lewis, Proprietor of the above house, with W. M. Lewis as Clerk, announce to their friends, and the public, that everything is in first-class condition, and that no expense or attendance shall be spared in giving satisfaction to all guests.
nov21—dtf

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., W. F. Roberson, Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that its large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. dec30-dtf

RICKS HOUSE.
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
This new and commodious brick hotel, recently completed and newly furnished, is open for public patronage. No effort will be spared to make guests comfortable.
nov23—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

POMONA HOUSE, CLARKESVILLE, Georgia.—This house is more desirably situated than any other house in town—affording a full view of some of the finest mountain scenery in Georgia. It is about one hundred yards from a fine mineral spring. A splendid summer resort.
M. B. O'CALLAGHAN,
Formerly of Globe Hotel.
june14—d3tw3w

NORCROSS HOTEL.
SUPPER HOUSE.
BY MR. AND MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL.

Board, per day	$2 00
Board, per month	$55 to $30 00
Single meals	75 cents

jan1—dtf

GAINESVILLE HOTEL, GAINESville, Georgia. If you desire first-class accommodation be sure to stop at this house.
J. J. Gaines, Proprietor. F. L. Hunter, Clerk, formerly of the New Orleans Hotel, New Orleans, La. jan31—d3m

BROWN'S HOTEL,
E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,
MACON, GEORGIA.
Opened January 1st, 1856.
BOARD.....$3 PER DAY.
E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.
The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully,
aug30-dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

NELMS HOUSE,
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA,
BY MRS. A. M. NELMS.
Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $2 00; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

NEWTON HOUSE—Mrs. Janet Haudrup, corner of Main and Spring streets, Sparta, Georgia. Terms, $2 00 per day, lodging included; 50 cents per meal without lodging. mar3-dtf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture.
A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf.

STOP AT
McCOMBS' HOTEL,
MILLEDGEVILLE, GA.
☞ Free Hack meets all trains.
C. G. WILSON,
apr4—dtf Proprietor.

BURNET HOUSE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
CONTINUES TO BE THE
LEADING HOTEL IN THE CITY.
New Passenger and Baggage Elevators, and all modern improvements,

Board, per day	$4 00
SOUTHERN MERCHANTS, per day	3 00

DUNKLEE, SHEARS & CO.,
mar12—d&w2m Proprietors.

BOARDING HOUSES.

THE "VIRGINIA HOUSE,"
NEWNAN, GEORGIA,
Will be conducted, in future, a select boarding house. Prof. Wm. Wells will still attend to the wants of boarders or guests.
E. C. YANCEY.
Newnan, March 8, 1875. mar10-dtf

STOP AT THE RICHMOND HOTEL, near depot, or at Richmond House on public square, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA. Street carsmeet all trains and convey guests to either house free of charge.
HUNT & BRO.,
feb9—dtf Gainesville, Ga.

TRAVELERS,
And those desiring Good Board, can be accommodated by stopping at MRS. C. S. DORSEY'S BOARDING HOUSE, Broad street, ATHENS, GEORGIA. [apr4-dtf

ODD FELLOWS' DIRECTORY.

CENTRAL LODGE, No. 24, meets every Tuesday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street.
FRANK T. RYAN, N. G.
T. A. GRAMLING, Secretary.

BARNES LODGE, No. 55, meets every Friday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street.
JOHN B. LANGLEY, N. G.
THOS. J. BUCHANAN, Secretary.

CAPITOL LODGE, No. 60, meets every Thursday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Broad and Mitchell streets.
JOHN E. GOODWIN, N. G.
G. H. GILBREATH, Secretary.

SCHILLER LODGE, (German) No. 70, meets every Monday night, in Knights of Pythias Hall, Peachtree street.
A. ABRAHAM, N. G.
MOSES ADLER, Secretary.

EMPIRE ENCAMPMENT, No. 12, meets the 2d and 4th Wednesday nights in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street.
J. A. GRAMLING, C. P.
W. R. BARROW, Scribe.

MIRIAM LODGE, D. of R, meets the first Wednesday in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street.
J. D. HOLMES, N. G.
J. C. WATKINS, Secretary.

LAWYERS.

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY
GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties; in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah.
dec15, '74—d1yr

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia.

W. S. JOHNSON. Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.
June 5, 1874—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House.

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah.
mar10,'75—d6m

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24-d1y

D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74-d9m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9-d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. July18—d1y

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20-d1y

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11-d1y

L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11-d12m

T. J. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rising Fawn, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade and Walker. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Refers, by permission, to Larkin Payne, Rising Fawn, Ga.; Rev. S. Cross, Rising Fawn, Ga.; A. D. Ditman, New York City, N. Y.; W. P. Rathburn, President First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee. mar27, 1875—d6m

A. C. GARLINGTON. J. D. ALEXANDER.
GARLINGTON & ALEXANDER, ATtorneys at Law, Griffin, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the United States District Court at Savannah and Atlanta, and elsewhere by agreement. Office in Cunningham building. feb24—d3m

WM. A. TURNER, ATTORNEY AT Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—d1y

B. M. TURNER. A. MURPHEY.
TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murphey; Stafford, Bladock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan13, '75—d1y

J. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,'75—d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. W. PRUET

DAILY CONSTITUTION:

ATLANTA

Sunday Morning, April 11, 1875.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

General Traveling Agents:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS

The markets are still quiet. Meats are weak at their present prices. There are no changes to-day except in a few minor items.

HON. JEFF. DAVIS and family have returned to Memphis, after a stay of several months in New Orleans.

ST. LOUIS will probably have the honor of entertaining the next democratic national convention. At least so say the St. Louis papers.

THERE seems to be an impression abroad in Connecticut that the war is over. What do Judge Hoar, Senator Oglesby, ex-Speaker Blaine, and Gen. Hawley think about it?

THE senatorial excursionists declined all party invitations in New Orleans, because they belong to different political creeds. Kellogg wanted to capture them, but failed to do so.

THE Khedive of Egypt, it is stated, has established three judgeships in his capital, to be held by English lawyers. Won't England agree to let him have Dr. Kenealy for one?

SUCCESS in almost every department of business depends upon thought, coupled with industry and economy. Few people succeed by going it blind, and if they do their success is likely to be only temporary.

UNDER a construction of a late act of congress it has been decided that Gen. Sickles retains his place on the retired list, and is entitled to pay as a major-general from the date of his resignation of the Spanish mission.

HON. HORACE MAYNARD United States minister to Constantinople, left Knoxville Wednesday for his post of duty, via Washington and New York. He is accompanied by Mrs. Maynard, and by his daughter and daughter-in-law.

MEXICO is making efforts to raise coffee and the state of Colima has exempted from taxes for the next ten years all young plantations, besides offering a premium of $500 to the planter who first harvests 500 quintals of the aromatic berry.

AN administration organ explains "The moral of it." Poor Grant, when he recovers the shock, will want to know the material of it. Just now he is in the position of the inebriated individual who mistook the headlight of a locomotive for a lightning-bug.

PREPARATIONS for the work of contructing the Eads jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi are under way. The superintendent of the coast survey states that the survey of the south pass will be commenced this week, two vessels being now enroute thither, with four surveying parties on board.

SENATOR JOHNSON has no personal ends to serve; but he considers that the country needs the sacrifice of President Grant, and says that now, as heretofore, he is a patriot. As a private man, he would offer Grant no injury—not the slightest, sir; but (spitting on his hands) as a statesman it is his duty to destroy him.

THE recoil of Greene's one hundred guns has kicked the Grant candidate for governor of Connecticut so far into obscurity that it will be a wonder if he is ever again heard from, unless, indeed, the president should take it upon himself to reward him for his gunpowder by making him a foreign minister or an Indian agent, or something of that sort.—*N. Y. Sun.*

IN making up the dividends on the stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway recently declared, it appears that there were 1,170 stockholders. Of this number, 1,003 reside along the line of the road, distributed as follows: 174 in Davidson, 236 in Rutherford, 392 in Bedford and Marshall, 83 in Coffee, 132 in Franklin, and 77 in Marion. Of the 1,170 stockholders only 77 resided in the eastern cities.—*Nashville Banner.*

Anna Dickinson.

We suppose every one of our readers has heard of this personage, and we have, I am sorry to say, heard a great deal more than recommends her very highly to our respect. She is chiefly known in the south for her ardent sympathies in behalf of the negro, and her ostentatious display of indifference to the color of, Fred Douglass. Such, at any rate is her reputation of the south, and we are free to say that we do not care to have any such female lecturers among us. We do not take to females in the lecture business any how, and more especially have we no fondness for those now, who have exercised their stage abilities in antagonism to the sentiments, sympathies and principles of the southern people. Now Olive Logan came, and was received by large audiences, but she had no such strong-minded, negro worshiping reputation as Anna Dickinson.

We do not wish to do Miss Dickinson injustice. We know of nothing against her character as a lady. We only remember that she sympathized strongly with the extremists of the north on the subject of the negro, and often appeared on the platform with Fred Douglass, and in these ways sought to manifest her ideas of the equality of the races. We may be mistaken as to the extent of her action, and will cheerfully correct, if we find our mistake. But if we are right Miss Anna had better explain matters before attempting a lecturing tour in these parts, for she will certainly draw very poor houses, as she ought.

She has considerable fame as a lecturer. A Quaker girl, she gradually worked her way up to notoriety over the whole Union. She resides in Philadelphia, where the writer once saw her on the stage with the "man and brother," Fred Douglass. She is a very assiduous laborer with the pen, conducting much correspondence at all times. She is said to be very charitable, and we doubt not it is so. She is passably good looking, with expressive eyes, pretty good figure, and a pleasant voice. Her lectures are well received, and upon the whole we should be willing to receive her cordially, if she could only explain away the little matters we have mentioned.

This Year's Crops.

The farmers are busy again with the soil, and soon another year's crops will be under considerable headway. Upon them depends the prosperity of the country, and we therefore would speak a word of counsel. It was a matter of great rejoicing with us, that our farmers last year planted cereals, and made more provisions than they did during any previous year since the war and the consequence is seen in the more prosperous condition of planters. But still we by no means made in Georgia provisions sufficient for our wants, and thousands of dollars have hence gone from our borders for the necessaries of life, which should have been produced at home.

We urge strenuously upon the farmers the policy of making more provisions. Independent is he, who has his barns and store-houses full, and upon them alone relies for his bread and meat. This is the only *sure* road to individual prosperity, for whatever else may befall in price, the staff of life must always be in strong demand, and when supplied with that, the vicissitudes of markets can little effect the tiller of the soil. Let there be a decided advance in the policy of diversifying crops, and producing at home the necessaries of life. When the people do this, then will they become prosperous and happy, and they never will until they do. We must cease our vassalage to the north and west for manufactures and provisions, and develope our own most ample resources. There is no good reason that Georgia should not make her own meat and bread, as well as manufacture much of her cotton, and her appeal to the farmers to enlarge the good work of last year, and make still further progress in achieving independence and prosperity by a home production of supplies sufficient for maintenance the year round. What say our sturdy farmers? Surely the lessons of the last five years are eloquent and urgent.

The World's Oldest Lawyer.

New York claims to possess the eldest lawyer in the country, if not in the world—Hon. Elbert Herring, who will be ninety-eight years old next July. He lives in an old-fashioned, three-story brick building, that has a centenarian appearance. A reporter found the venerable jurist setting in front of a large stove, and surrounded by furniture rather decrepit with age. But he found him well preserved. He wears a long full beard, which is mixed with grey. A wig, and a manner that is still hearty, give the old man a pleasant appearance. His faculties are but little impaired by his enormous age. His hearing is good, his memory efficient to recall the past, and his vigor of speech remarkable.

And yet this man was born on the 8th day of January, 1777. He can remember the metropolis when it was a small town. He was a judge in 1805—seventy years ago. Charles O'Conor, who is in old man, studied law in his office. And then he spoke of another student in his office, who became a distinguished engineer; but says he, "as to my comrades, my schoolmates, they are all dead," and his voice was tinged with sadness as he spoke these words.

Judge Herring was the first commissioner of Indian affairs. The first steamboat, and the first railroad were events in his experience of a comparatively late date. And then the reporter asked him to what he attributed his remarkable age, and he'th. "Moderation in all things," was the old man's reply. He is still in good health, and and anticipates a celebration of his centennial only a year and four days later than the centennial of American independence.

The Nomination in the Ninth.

Elsewhere will be found a resume of the information at hand as to the probable nominee for congress at the Gainesville convention on the 14th inst. Mr. Hill seems to have fully two-thirds of the delegates, and his nomination is very probable. At any rate, he is overwhelmingly the choice of the people of the district, as a glance at the returns is sufficient to show, and we sincerely trust that the convention will not, under any circumstances, allow the expressed will of of the people to be set aside. It is evident that fully three-fourths of the democratic vote favor him, and he should therefore be the nominee.

We have not a word to say against Mr. Bell THE CONSTITUTION has always been an admirer and supporter of this gentleman, and we do not believe that any daily paper of the state has shown as much regard in the past as we have. But we believe that Mr. Hill is the man for the times. He is needed in congress. The whole people of the state almost, and the press, are clamorous for his election, yet not more so than the people of the ninth district, as appears from the large majority of counties in his favor. We therefore hope the convention will speedily do its work, and unanimously if possible. We sincerely hope, for the sake of harmony and party success, we shall be able to chronicle the retirement of all candidates in favor of the people's choice. Such a course would recommend them to the party, and prevent any divisions or trouble in the district either in the present or the near future.

THE unkindest cut of all is in the Washington Chronicle. We give the entire paragraph, while regretting that the bickerings of the radical worthies should lead them to indulge in such bitter remarks about each other. It is sad and sarcastic, but here it is:

We are beginning to receive papers from the south with an announcement marked in the usual style of postmaster Sam Bard, of Atlanta, that he is going to start a daily paper at Atlanta for the next presidential campaign, and that this redoubted postmaster is going to make it hot and lively for the enemies of President Grant. The president has to stand a good many things, and he may be able to survive this attack of the postmaster, but the people of Atlanta have our sympathies. They have now a couple of good enterprising dailies, and to have a paper started to battle for the next presidential contest, and edited by Bard, just as hot weather commences, is an affliction they ought to be spared. It does not make the matter any better that nobody believes it will ever be issued. This thing of being threatened with an impending calamity is of itself too much.

THE Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal, in speaking of Senator Gordon's unwillingness to have his name used for the vice-presidential nomination, says this corresponds with his declarations in Washington. The same correspondent adds: "General Gordon does not think it would be expedient for any southern man to be put on the ticket, as the fact would be at once used by the radical press to arouse the old war feeling. The same opinion is known by your correspondent to have been entertained generally by the democratic senators and representatives from the southern states in the last congress, and it may be most positively stated that not one of them would desire such a nomination."

THROUGH the courtesy of Mr. Van Estes, of the Gainesville Eagle, we publish the proceedings of the meeting in Banks, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the congressional convention. Our Athens correspondent was incorrectly informed when he said that these delegates are Bell men. Two of them will vote for Mr. Hill and one for Mr. Bell.

AND now the post office officials, not content with confiscating our illustrated exchanges, have commenced on the newspapers that are published in Washington. We are not entirely inconsolable over this new loss, but we begin to be filled with apprehensions as to the extent of the movement. Postmaster Conley's attention will be called to the matter at an early day.

THERE is no surer index of the mercantile prosperity of a city than its popular newspaper filled with advertisements. To-day we present over three columns of new advertisements, and the paper will speak well abroad for Atlanta.

AND we are to have another spelling bee this time for the benefit of the 1st Methodist church. All right. Let us have some ladies this time.

Paul Boynton.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, April 10.—Paul Boynton arrived at Boulogne at 8:15 o'clock tonight, having made a successful passage across the channel in his life-saving apparatus. He was in excellent health and spirits. A great crowd assembled to witness his arrival and he was enthusiastically received.

THE NINTH DISTRICT.

The Chances of the Nomination.

How the Counties Stand.

Mr. Hill the Probable Nominee.

We are able to lay before our readers this morning a pretty full statement of the votes which each candidate in the 9th will take into the nominating convention on the 14th at Gainesville. In addition to our former reports by mail and telegraph, we have received the following from

BANKS COUNTY.

HOMER, April 6, 1875.

Previous notice having been given through the Gainesville Eagle by W. M. Ash, chairman of the democratic executive committee of Banks county, a large number of citizens assembled in the court house at Homer on Tuesday, 6th April, for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent the county in the Gainesville (congressional) convention.

On motion Wm. M. Ash was called to the chair, and Thos. C. Chandler requested to act as secretary.

On motion, the following citizens were appointed to prepare business for the meeting, and suggest the names of suitable delegates: J. J. Shepard, John A. Owen, David Parks, R. L. Hooper, F. G. Moss, H. C. Daniel, T. B Griffin, Enoch Anderson, Wm. Boling.

In a short time the committee reported as follows:

Resolved, That we be represented in the Gainesville convention, to be held on the 15th inst.

Resolved, That J. J. Turnbull, A. W Henderson, and T. A Neal, be appointed principal delegates to represent in said convention and that Nat. Wofford, S. B. Griffin, and D. C. Oliver, be appointed alternates.

Resolved, That we recommend that our delegates go to said convention untrammeled.

Resolved, that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Gainesville Eagle.

W. M. ASH, Chairman.
T. C. CHANDLER, Secretary.

Our correspondent informs us that these delegates are two for Hill and one for Bell, thus correcting the telegram in yesterday's paper. We have reason to hope that they are all for Hill.

RABUN COUNTY.

From this county we have two reports, one via Athens and the other via Gainesville. One report states that Mr. Hill has all the delegates, the other that Hill has two and Bell one. There is no doubt that Hill has at least two.

STRENGTH OF EACH CANDIDATE.

The following will show quite accurately the relative strength of the candidates and the number of delegates favoring each:

	Hill.	Bell.	Dorsey	Wellborn.
Clarke	3			
Oconee	3			
Jackson	5			
Gwinnett	5			
Morgan	3			
Franklin	3			
Gilmer	3			
Habersham	3			
Hall	2		1	
Banks	2	1		
Madison		3		
Forsyth		3		
White		3		3
Union				
Rabun	2	1		
	34	11	1	3

THE RESULT.

In addition, we have a report that Fannin has selected Hill delegates, and we believe that Pickens has done the same. If so, Hill's strength would be increased to 40. But if all the remaining counties, from which there are no positive returns, namely: Fannin Pickens, Towns, Lumpkin, and Dawson, should give Hill but eight out of fifteen delagates, he would then have at least 426 delegates out of the whole number, 64. This would give him over two-thirds and insure him the nomination. The indications certainly are that Mr. Hill enter the convention with the strength of a two-thirds vote.

A NOVEL REPUBLICAN PROPOSITION.

A Griffin Register in Bankruptcy wants to ship the negroes to Africa.

[New York Sun.]

The third-term movement has taken a new phase in Georgia, where Mr. Alexander G. Murray, an eminent lawyer, a federal office-holder, and an ardent supporter of Grant, has issued a pamphlet in which he promulgates his views on the subject. In Mr. Murray's opinion the negro question is now of more importance than at any previous time, and he gives his views of the present condition of the citizens of African descent who inhabit the reconstructed states. He says that so long as the negroes remain here they will be a burden to the country in a national point of view, and that the burden will grow heavier every year as the old ones die out and the young ones come to fill their places, since those who have grown up since emancipation are

MUCH MORE WORTHLESS

than those who learned to work as slaves. Mr. Murray argues that the negroes are totally deficient in energy, foresight, economy and mental capacity; that without the direction or supervision of white men they would perish in a few years, so that it would be folly to colonize them by themselves on territory within the United States, since they would inevitably starve to death under such an arrangement, while their presence is a curse in any white community, because their habits of larceny are such and their indolence is so excessive, that it is impossible for either the blacks or whites to prosper where the former form a large proportion of the population. The best workers among the old negroes will not do more than sixty per cent. of the work they did as slaves, while the young men will not do more than forty per cent. of what they ought to do. It is impossible for either whites or blacks to raise

VEGETABLES OR CHICKENS OR HOGS

where there is a large negro population, he says, because they will be stolen before they come to maturity; and as the consequence of all these evils, Mr. Murray declares that in all sections where the African race equals, or nearly equals, the whites in number, the people of both races must inevitably get poorer and poorer every year until they sink down into abject poverty. To remedy this state of things, Mr. Murray proposes that all the negroes should be

SHIPPED OFF TO AFRICA,

a country which "God made to suit the negro," where the spontaneous productions of the earth supply him with food, and where the climate is so warm the year round that the transported freedmen will have no need to buy clothes. Mr. Murray said he cordially voted for Gen. Grant in 1868 and again in 1872; that no good reason can be assigned why the president should not be supported if he runs again; and announces his solemn determination to vote for him for a third term if he will only adopt this project of transporting the negro population to Africa, as the great issue of the canvass.

WASHINGTON.

Sam Bard on Hand.

(By telegraph to the Constitution.)

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Ex marshal Hinds, of Alabama, has been released on $2,500 bail for a hearing Tuesday next. He is charged with offering bribes to public officers in connection with mail lettings.

The president has appointed Richard Gibbs of New York minister to Peru.

The U. S. Steamer Blue Light will be fitted out for the use of Prof. Spencer, U. S. fish commissioner Beardsby will command the vessel.

Tallapoosa takes the marine band to Boston to assist at the centennial of the battle of Lexington.

Lt. Tatten and Lt. Corry, at Charleston, detailed to pay colored soldiers, have been relieved.

Lt. commander, R. S. New, is dead.

Ex-postmaster Bard, of Atlanta, is here.

Judge Martin, recently appointed post master at Montgomery, has been notified that his bond is defective.

The Senatorial Conspirators.

(By telegraph to the Constitution.)

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA, April 10.—Messr. Cameron, Chandler, Anthony, Dennis, Patterson, McVeigh, of the senatorial excursionists to Mexico, arrived at the Grand National Hotel; they intend remaining here several days.

LAGRANGE.

Meeting of the Atlanta Presbytery—Its Proceedings—A Little Sunday Sermoning—The Want of the South—Advancing Spring.

LAGRANGE, GA., April 9, 1875.

Editors Constitution: A number of ministers and ruling elders left Atlanta on Thursday to attend the meeting of the Atlanta Presbytery in this place. As the train moved out of Atlanta, the goodly city gradually receded in the distance, until it disappeared from view. "A city set upon a hill cannot be hid." Atlanta should remember this, and act accordingly. She is conspicuous by physical elevation, and by her political and commercial position. She is the capital of Georgia, and an important centre of trade. The eyes of others are upon her, and she should look well to her ways. Let her people strive to be just, virtuous, temperate, enlightened, benevolent and pious. Let them shun vice and wickedness, corruption, bribery, the gain of oppression, fraud and dishonesty, all that is evil and debasing, and follow that which is pure and ennobling. Let them discountenance *immoral exhibitions* and amusements, theatres, caucans, dissolute dances, gambling hells, brothels, drinking establishments, and every species of iniquity.

Let them patronize and sustain schools, churches, public libraries, musical entertainments, benevolent associations, lectures and literary addresses, innocent and lawful diversions. Nothing is valuable that corrupts and debases. That only is good which purifies and elevates. "righteousness, exalteth a nation, but sin is a reproach to any people."

THE WANT OF THE SOUTH.

Proceeding on our way, the country opened to view. The great want of the south is population, industry, thrift, enterprise, improved modes of agriculture, and diversied forms of labor. The area of the late slave states is 880,000 square miles, and is one of the richest territories on the face of the globe. The population is 14,000,000 capable of indefinite increase. Immigration should be invited and encouraged from every direction, both the northern states and Europe, that her soil may be cultivated, her water power utilized, her mineral resources developed, manufactories built up, and the whole land be made to blossom as the rose.

One eye-sore at each station and village is the ubiquitous grogshop. The most appropriate name for this concern is that given in my hearing by a little boy. He could not think of any other word, and he called a grocery a drunkery. It is a place where men get drunk—where drunkards are made—and therefore it is properly styled drunkery. As Shakespeare says, "O thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no other name, let us call thee devil!" It is astonishing that rational beings will so freely, recklessly, and madly drink whisky, brandy and other alcoholic stimulants called by Robert Hall "liquid fire and distilled damnation." For myself I always abhorred and dreaded intoxicating drinks, and would urge every one to shun this deadly evil. The scriptures warn us against drunkenness and all the fruits of it. "Be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess." "Woe unto them that are mighty to drink wine, and men of strength to mingle strong drink." "Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink, that putteth thy bottle to him, and maketh him drunken also." This seems to be a prohibition of social drinking, treating, and liquor selling. If men would drink wine as our Savior did, and never indulge to excess, there would be no sin and harm in so doing. But in view of the manifest and enormous evils and abuses of drinking, I believe it is best to abstain from all ardent spirits as a beverage.

SPRING ADVANCING.

The farther we advance the more forward does vegetation appear. Nature is putting on her fresh robe of verdure and loveliness. We are reminded of a beautiful passage in the song of Solomon, "Lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone, the flowers appear on the earth, the time of the singing of birds is come, and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land." Moulded into the form of English verse these sentiments might be thus expressed:

Gloomy winter now is past,
With his rude and shivering blast,
Cold and frost and storms are o'er;
Chilling winds are felt no more,
Lowering clouds no longer fly,
Charged with rain across the sky,
Howling tempests disappear,
Source of terror, pain and fear.

Spring has come, with balmy breath,
Nature from her sleep of death
Wakes again to life and joy,
Birds their tuneful notes employ;
Woods and groves with music ring,
Grass and flowe's in beauty spring,
Plants and vines appear in bloom,
Fragrant with a rich perfume.

Now is heard the song of love
From the gentle, cooing dove,
And the murmuring of the bees
Mid the flowering shrubs and trees,
While the ma den, blithe and gay,
Trills her soft, melodious lay,
Warbling sounds, that rapture dart
To her lover's ardent heart.

THE PRESBYTERY.

The Presbytery convened at 7½ o'clock on Thursday. The opening sermon was preached by the retiring moderator, Rev. J. H. Martin. Rev. J. T. Leftwich, D. D., was chosen moderator, and Rev. R. C. Ketchum, temporary clerk. Thirty delegates are present, twelve ministers and eighteen elders. Of the latter is Hon. W. J. Candler, who represents the Decatur church.

Presbytery met again this morning, and transacted a large amount of business in the forenoon. Reports were made on missions, education, and other subjects, and various committees were appointed. A sermon was preached at 11 o'clock by Rev. S. S. Gaillard.

La Grange, noted for its attractions, refinement, and hospitality, has extended a cordial reception to the attending delegates. J. H. M.

Summary of State News.

SAVANNAH.—A large number of northern visitors passing through here enroute home from Florida.——Michael Galvin has been committed under a charge of arson.—*News.*

COLUMBUS.—The Baptist supper netted $500.——In the race for sheriff H. G. Ivey received 931 votes; T. T. Moore 718; J. E. Blount 142.——One shipper purchased 1,000 bales of cotton for northern spinners, and another 500. During the week 1820 bales have been bought and $137,000 have been paid out for cotton in Columbus.——Sixty kegs of lager are consumed daily.—*Enquirer.*

QUITMAN.—Quitman has a cow ordinance as well as Atlanta, and thirty-four old maids to every old bachelor.——Judge E. R. Harden selected as memorial orator.—*Reporter.*

LAGRANGE.—An increased acreage of corn and small grain sown. Wheat crop backward and injured.——Lagrange has a spelling bee next Tuesday night.——More guano sold this year in Troupe county than last year.——O. A. Bull selected as memorial orator.——The body of Winny Davis found in a ditch on Mily Lee's place in Heard county. Supposed she was murdered by her husband Tom Davis, who has been missing some time.—*Reporter.*

GREENSVILLE.—Mary Moreland, colored, caught fire while burning a brush heap and was burned so badly that she died in a few moments.——Wheat crop good.——A number of the citizens of Hogansville have gone to Florica.——The mind of Rev. A. M. Thigpen has become impaired from physical prostration.—*Vindicator.*

RINGGOLD.—The body of a white child was found near Wilson's springs, and apparently had been buried three or four weeks.—*Courier.*

ELBERTON.—Most of our merchants went to Atlanta for goods. An Elbert county man killed a 22 pound wild turkey.——Sheriff W. H. H. Adams is now the jailor.—*Gazette.*

AUGUSTA.—F. L. Neufville, who died, was a juror in the quo warrant case of Jones vs. Doris.——Confederate monument be located on Broad street, between Jackson and McIntosh streets.——Augusta is to have a spelling bee for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association.—*Constitutionalist.*

SPARTA.—Fayette and Sallus Tilley, colored youths, entered the residence of Mrs. Linton Stephens, and carried off a trunk of clothing. They were arrested and confessed. When Mr. Jenkins entered the house, we understand an old colored women was suddenly attacked with the cramp colic, and went to bed apparently in agony. Notwithstanding this, the bed was lifted, and the goods found under it. The goods consisted mainly of ladies clothing; and most of the clothing had been ripped up by the appropriators, we suppose for the purpose of a change of style.—*Times.*

DIED IN GEORGIA.

S. E. B. Lester, of Savannah, Aged 27.

J. L. Aven, of Jasper county. Aged 30.

Rev. David Murdock, of DeKalb. Aged 85.

David Shes, of Baldwin.

HOW I LOST MY HEART.

To tell you now just how I lost it.
Oh, that were a difficult task;
How the thing got away on that autumn day
I never stopped to ask.
Perhaps 'twas a glance that did it,
A soft caress to my hair,
A close, warm grasp, or a gentle clasp,
That captured it then and there.

You see, there are things you can govern,
But hearts have a way of their own;
Like birds they fly, and you can't tell why—
You only miss them when gone.
And why I don't tell the story,
If the reason you really must learn,
Is, though life grew bright with a rosy light,
Yet I won no heart in return.

Somebody's eyes were gentle and kind,
And his voice was soft and low;
But he I wanted was given away
Ever so long ago.
And so, while I solace a lonely life
With a cat and a cup of tea,
Somebody's arm is around his wife,
And her baby is on his knee.

And the loss I met with results in this,
That mine is a lonely part;
You can't fill your life make a loving wife
Of a woman without a heart.
Another head rests on the manly breast
That I wanted to shelter me;
Some other fair face has won my place,
So no man's wife I'll be.

But compensation's a law of life,
And through trials the gods will send,
I've no one to scold when the beefsteak's cold,
And no small stockings to mend.
So the love that is lost I never regret,
When I think what my troubles might be;
When dinner is late I smile at Fate,
And nobody storms at me.

THE ARLINGTON ESTATE.

How the Government Got Possession of it—The Claim of the Lee Family a Valid One.

[Communication to the N. Y. World.]

In 1857 Mr. George Washington Parks Custis died at Arlington. Mr. Custis was the favorite grandchild of Mrs. Martha Washington, a scion of what is strictly entitled to be called one of the first families of Virginia, and himself an *eleve* of the Father of His Country, who, never the father of a family, was peculiarly fond of children, perhaps because it was permitted him to unbend sometimes from his awful dignity in their presence. These various honors were somewhat an incumbrance to Mr. Custis, it is probable. At any rate, he did no more in life than attempt with more or less success, to sustain them, keeping up a laborious and garrulous hospitality at Arlington, and painting some immense historical pictures which not even the all embracing charity of Mr. Benson J. Lossing can redeem from the suspicion of hideousness. It is probable that Mr. Custis never sought greatness, but if he had done so, he would have been debarred by a stroke of fortune similar to that of the insignificant but witty Mendelssohn, who was the son of one great Mendelssohn, and the father of another still greater Mendelssohn. Mr. G. W. P. Custis was sandwiched between George Washington and Robert Edmund Lee, and his position in history is necessarily that of a very small conjunction between two very large substantives.

Be this how it may, Mr. Custis had quite a firm sense of his own importance and a natural desire to transmit the memory of it to future ages. At the end of his blameless life he bequeathed his "Arlington estate in the county of Alexandria, containing 1,100 acres," to his "dearly beloved daughter and only child, Mary Ann Randolph Lee, during the term of her natural life." Mary Ann Randolph Lee was the wife of Robert E. Lee. Custis' will further provided that "on the death of my daughter, Mary Ann Randolph Lee, all the property left to her during the term of her natural life I give and bequeath to my eldest grandson, George Washington Custis Lee, to him and his heirs forever, he, my said eldest grandson, taking my name and arms." No matter whether this gave Mrs. Lee's son a vested or contingent right it is quite apparent that the intention of his venerable and estimable grandfather was to transmit, as far as he could, to his descendents for several generations the possession of an estate which was much more valuable in the eyes of its historical associations than for its return in money. As Mr. Custis died in 1857, it is scarcely possible that even a member of the Philadelphia Union League would endeavor to attack the suspicion of "disloyal" to his skirts.

Mrs. M. A. R. Lee, a *femme covert*, thus had a life estate in this property in August, 1861, when congress passed the bill imposing a direct tax upon insurrectionary districts. Under that act Virginia was taxed $107,332, and the tax levied upon the Arlington estate was set at $92. Further acts of congress and regulations of the tax commissioners under these acts were promulgated, and finally, in 1864, the Arlington estate, long since in possession of the government, was sold for this tax bill of $92 07, and by order of President Lincoln, bought in for the government for, "war, military, charitable and educational purposes," under the act of February 6, 1863, which, however, was never paid nor even tendered to any person.

Mrs. Lee, at the time of sale, as also at the time of advertising, was inside the confederate lines, where her duty as *femme covert* constrained her to be. Nevertheless, when the Arlington property was offered for sale in default of taxes, a tender of the amount due was made by Mrs. Lee's connections in Baltimore and Washington. This tender the commissioners refused to accept, having ruled that no taxes, under the act of August 5, 1864, could be paid, unless the tender was made by the immediate owner of the property in person. So, that, under this preposterous ruling, if a property belonging to an infant three weeks old, were taxed, he could not appear by guardian, but must be fetched up mewling and puking in his nurse's arms, with the tax-bill and the money grasped in his chubby fist.

In this way the government got possession of this estate, worth $300,000. It has held possession of it ever since. About two hundred acres of the estate has been converted into a national cemetery; the remainder has been leased to freedmen or otherwise used by the government.

It is a matter of record that the United States courts have set aside every sale of property and declared every title to be worthless which was acquired under the rulings of these Virginia tax commissioners. It is certain, and has been decided by the supreme court, that no law is operative (because no law is constitutional), which requires the entire tract to be sold for taxes when it can be divided and the taxes and the charges realized by the sale of a part of the tract.

It is certain, and a matter of record, that no tax title can be made valid where the proof is wanting that the amount of tax due was tendered and refused to be received by the commissioners because not tendered by the owner in person.

It is certain that any such ruling as this makes all sales under it null and void.

It is certain that the United States can not acquire title to land in any state and jurisdiction over it without first obtaining the consent of that state.

It is certain that, even if it were possible for the United States to do all these impossible, because unconstitutional, things, the only thing which the United could acquire title to, because the only thing vendible, was Mrs. Mary Ann Randolph Lee's life estate in Arlington. But the estate expired with Mrs. Lee's death in November, 1873 and the United States is now, without law, decency or common sense, withholding from Mr. G. W. Custis Lee what was once his remainder of reversion, but is now his absolute property for himself and heirs in the estate of his forefathers.

Mr. Lee does not wish to regain the property, but to exchange for a quit-claim title a reasonable sum representing its value at the time of seizure, and this the judiciary committee of the senate, upon facts here presented, has refused him. I say this mode of procedure lacks the support of decency and common sense as well as of law, for this reason: Mr. Custis Lee, or his children or grandchildren are certain to be paid for this property some day or other, and what can now be settled for two or three hundred thousand dollars will be certain eventually to cost millions.

Yellow Fever.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.
KEY WEST, April 10, 1875.
To Surgeon-General Beale:

The weather is still cool. No case of cases of fever since the last telegram. The fleet has all gone. The health of the city, as reported by the health officer is unusually good.

R. J. PERRY,
Acting assistant surgeon.

Acquitted.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

MEMPHIS, April 10.—The Gibson county kuklux have been acquitted.

MURDER OF REV. J. C. MILLER.

Full Particulars: Confession of the Wretch—An Organized Gang of Murderes and Thieves.

(Correspondence Greenville Daily News.)

SPARTANBURG, April 8, 1875.

EDITOR NEWS:—The murder of Rev. J. Claudius Miller is the culmination of a series of robberies committed around us during the past year, and as the confessions of the murderer, Alfred Walker, are so important, this letter will be devoted to their consideration.

The confessions of Walker, not only as to the late murder, but as to other nefarious schemes, constitute a catalogue of unparalleled crimes. It now comes to light that all the crimes hereinafter mentioned, have been committed by a well organized band of negroes. About a year ago two negroes, who will be nameless, were convicted here of highway robbery and sent to the penitentiary, but after a short stay there, they were pardoned by Moses, thus being encouraged and hardened to crime. The robbery of Patrick Tanner, then the robbery of John Y. Caldwell, then the robbery of an Irish peddler, and then that of a North Carolinian, then the attempted robbery (avoided by the fleetness of his horse,) of W. H. Posey, were in rapid succession, and were in daylight perpetrated with the order "stand and deliver." Following all in terrible succession and astounding secrecy, were the shooting of Isum Robinson and the murder and robbery of Barton in Greenville county, and the severe beating and robbery of Rev. Mr. Morris near Greenwood, and now comes the hellish and cold-blooded murder of Rev. J. C. Miller, near Santuc, in Union county, which, through the confession of the murderer, led to the discovery that all the crimes above related were committed by

AN ORGANIZED ROBBER BAND.

Rev. J. C. Miller was originally from Charleston, was sixty-five years old, a member of the Methodist conference and rode the Santuc circuit.

Alfred Walker, the murderer, is a negro about twenty-five years old and very stout, about five feet eight inches high and copper colored. He is a native of Laurens county—was one of the satellites of Joe Crews, and figured prominently as a witness against many of our citizens. He has of late made what home he had near Spartanburg. A telegram was sent to H. C. Alley about the murder, with a descript on of the murderer. After having been traced nearly all night by Capt. Alley he was found by him about six miles north of Spartanburg, in bed with his sister, hid under quilts, with the cloak of the murdered map by his side. He was captured at three o'clock on Saturday morning, and on same day carried to Union, and in a dungeon awaits his doom.

THE CONFESSION

of Alf. Walker to marshal Alley, gives the following particulars of the murder of Rev. J. C. Miller. Walker says that he and several others, whose names Capt. Alley at present refuses to mention, constituted a robber band, having signs, regular plans of meeting, their object being plunder and gain. He, Walker, was present when all the crimes related were committed. Had been down in Newberry with his party, and was on his way to Spartanburg. He stopped for a short time while at Santuc and while on the road he met Miller, who he noticed had a fine cloak on, and Walker supposed him to be a horse dro ver. Walker after passing Mr. Miller, turned back and followed him for one and a half miles, and go ahead of him, and when Mr. Miller came up he asked "What are you waiting for, boy?" Alf. replied: "Nothing, in particular," and presented a pistol, (a most splendid weapon) Alf. ordered Mr. Miller to alight from his horse, and he obeyed, and asked "if it was money he wanted." Alf. replied: "Yes, and your cloak too." Mr. Miller hesitated about surrendering his cloak, when Alf. fired, shooting the minister in the breast. Mr. Miller fell, and to end this terrible tragedy, he fired again, the second ball striking in the breast near the first. He then took Mr. Miller's watch, hat, cloak, and his papers, and went off about fifty yards and sat down on a rock and tore up the papers; he says while he was sitting on the stone Mr. Miller rose once on his elbow. Soon, however, with no one near, says the cold-blooded murderer, this good old man, so sadly, so terribly, met this awful death. The body of the deceased was found in Walker's possession. The cloak had the bullet holes in it. The good people of Union, with their noted liberality, made up a purse of $125 for Capt. Alley, and to him we owe much, and we trust that the beginning has been made which will terminate in the capture and proper punishment of this murder band.

ARREST OF WRIGHT SULLIVAN.

Capt. H. C. Alley, marshal of Spartanburg, came to Greenville on the 12 o'clock train on Wednesday. The News was cognizant of his arrival in Greenville, and was posted as to his business; as well as of the fact that he had arrested

ALFRED WALKER,

the brutal murderer of Rev. J. Claudius Miller, in Union county, the night before, but for prudential reasons, we did not make the publication.

On the arrival of Capt. Alley in Greenville, he kept close in the room till night, when he sallied forth to arrest another of the gang. About 8 o'clock, assisted by Capt. Greer, he proceeded to the house of

WRIGHT SULLIVAN,

who lives in a small house in the eastern part of the city, where Sullivan was found preparing for a quiet night's rest. When told by Captain Alley that "I want you," he trembled like an aspen, and enquired what Captain Alley wanted with him. He was told of the capture of Alfred Walker, when he remarked that he had often been taken for the man "who went with Alfred Walker." He made no resistance, however, and was taken to the guard house, from whence he war removed yesterday morning to the county jail, after a commitment trial before Justice Sherman.

WRIGHT SULLIVAN,

yesterday confessed that he was one of the gange of murderers and thieves, and is ready to tell everything when Capt. Alley desires him to do so. He is a tall, dark skin negro, and weighs about one hundred and sixty pounds—quick spoken and intelligent.

He is said to be one of the most infernal scoundrels in the country. Has been convicted of murder, and sentenced to be hung, and has been in the penitentiary, and pardoned out by the immaculate F. J. Moses.

We have other valuable information but it is not proper yet to print it. Our readers may rest assured, however, that Capt. Alley has the whole gang in his coils, and they will come to grief.

Capt. Alley left for parts unknown last night, and all law abiding men will wish him God speed in the good work he has so intelligently undertaken.

New York Notes.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

NEW YORK, April 10.—Dan Bryant, minstrel, is dangerously ill of pneumonia.

Lewis V. French, secretary, and Chas. S. Gacia, connected with the Palisades Bogus insurance company, who were indicted in conspiracy to defraud are convicted.

Accounts from the China agent of the Pacific mail steamship company, have been examined and found correct. The mistake existed in accounts of the agency between Hong Kong and Yokohoma.

No trouble from the strike of the longshoremen, but neither party show signs of compromise.

The editorial and city staff of the Tribune, which was this morning, for the first time, issued from its magnificent new building, signalized the event by the presentation to-day to Mr. Whitelaw Reid of a set of silver.

Francis Cleary, age 103, is dead.

571 deaths this week.

The Weather.

[By telegraph to the Constitution]

WASHINGTON, April 10.—For the eastern and gulf states, between the Ohio valley and south Atlantic states, generally cloudy weather will prevail with rain, variable winds mostly from east and south; stationary or falling barometer followed by rising barometer and cooler weather except near the south Atlantic coast.

Executive

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
GEO. SCHNADERT & CO.
Supply Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for
purchasers of our "news." mar11-1y

ATLANTA

Sunday Morning, April 11, 1875.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

In the Supreme Court of Georgia, January Term.

Blue Ridge	00	Macon	16
Western	00	Flint	22
Northern	00	Coweta	19
Atlanta	37	Rome	10
Southern	1	Cherokee	19
Oconee	0	Augusta	8
Albany	10	Middle	1
Southwestern	23	Ocmulgee	27
Pataula	9	Eastern	5
Chattahoochee	37	Brunswick	2

The daily proceedings are reported for the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION by Henry Jackson, supreme court reporter. The decisions published in full every Wednesday morning.

Immediately on the adjournment of the court, the decisions of the term are published in pamphlet form, price $1 00 to subscribers of THE CONSTITUTION, to others $2 00 per copy.

GEORGIA REPORTS, volumes 46, 47, 48 and 49 can be had, new and elegantly bound, at a reasonable price, from W. A. Hemphill & Co.

Parkins & Jennings,
32 Broad Street, near the Bridge.
WHITE PINE DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MANTELS, MOULDING, &c.
A large stock in store at prices lower than ever. jan15—wed-fri&sun-dtf

New Advertisements.

Carpets at Haygood's.
Fresh butter at Snow's.
Hitchcock & Co's soap.
Frank Leslie's paper patterns at DeSaulles & Co.
Great closing sale at Steinheimer Bros.
Postponed sale of George Johnson's property.
Call and see Keely's fine stock of goods.
New music at Phillips & Crews.
Spelling bee Friday night.
Board at 58 Walton street.
A suit of rooms for rent.
Laces done up by Mrs. Ferris.
See law card of H. L. Paterson.
Great bargains in hair.
Exemption notice.
Rare and beautiful flowers
See card of J. E. Godfrey & Son.
Grand floral exhibition.
New firm—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
Exemption notice.
Millinery notice—Mrs. Speigle.
Hats and Bonnets—Mrs. O'Connor.
Five room house to rent.
Three houses for sale.
Ripley is selling crockery at cost.
Go to Capt. Keely's for cheap and good goods.
Exemption notice.
Hot for Ponce de Leon Springs.
Steam engines at Barnard's.
Mrs. Smith, dressmakerr, Hunter street.
Shadines.
Bankrupt notice.
Campbell county deputy sheriff sales.
Bankrupt notice.
Letters of administration.
Exemption notice.
Warning—Novelty depot.
Columbia house.
Notions—Novelty depot.
Clothing—Hirsch's.
M. Rich—Read his notices.
Dry-goods—Kiser & Watson.

The Great Closing out Sale!

In order to effect an important change in their business

STEINHEIMER BROS.,
48 Whitehall street,

are determined to close out their entire stock of merchandise consisting of dry goods, boots, shoes, trunks, hosiery notions etc., amounting to

"THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS."

within the next twenty days. Great sacrifice will be made. The whole stock must be closed in "cash" out by the first of May next regardless of "cost" or "value."
april1-dlt.

Go to the Novelty Depot for notions and plated jewelry. april11-d2sun.

JUST received another big lot of those cheap kid gloves and linen collars at
M. RICH'S.
april11-sun tues-thurs.

SOMETHING NEW at the Novelty Depot. Knife polisher, sharpener and can-opener all for 50 cents. april11-2sun

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.—Episcopal services in Orphans' Free School Building at 10½ o'clock a. m. to-day by Rev. W. H. Hunt, entrance from Walton street.

M. RICH has just received a large lot of ladies and children's fine Philadelphia made shoes at very low prices.
april-11dsun-tues-thurs.

CARTERSVILLE instead of having a spelling bee, the lodge of Good Templars will give a grand entertainment. The fun of the week will come on the evening of the 16th. The neighboring lodges and public are invited.

If you want to buy a good cheap suit. Go to Hirsch's. They have the best selected stock in the state. 50 & 52 Whitehall St.
april23-sun-tues-thurs.

"WASH you; make you clean". You members of Thorn's Hallelujah spelling class. With some of Hitchcock & Co's E. E. Lee soap, found at 31 Broad St. Store room of Georgia Soap Factory.
april11-d3t.

2,000 dozen ladies, gents and childrens white and striped cotton hose at a great sacrifice at M Rich's.
april-1-1-dsun-tues-thurs.

M. RICH'S has the largest and best selected stock of embroideries ever offered in Atlanta, at prices less than ever before heard of. Ladies would do well to call and see them. Call for the 12½ and 15 cent goods.
april11-dsun-tues-thurs.

THERE will be a meeting of the Memorial Association on Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the residence of Dr J. M. Johnson on Marietta street. Every member is earnestly requested to be present, so that the arrangements for the decoration of our soldier's graves may be completed.
By order of the President,

As the weather is getting warmer, you can find *Snow* on *Marietta Street* with choice fresh butter on ice. 100 sacks of coarse salt for freezing ice cream. april11-d1t

LOUIS DESAULLES & CO., are agents for Frank Leslie's Paper Patterns. Patterns for garments of every description.
april11-d&t.

OUR stock of spring cloth ng is now complete, consisting of all the latest styles and novelties of the season. Prices lower than ever offered in Georgia at
M. & J. HIRCH'S
50 & 52 Whitehall St.
april11-3sun-tues-thurs.

LADIES don't fail to call on M. Rich before buying your parasols and fans. He has the largest stock in the city the quantity he is selling is evidence of his popular low prices.
april11-dsun-tues-thur

COHEN & SELIG have the finest line of shirts and vests furnishing goods in Atlanta.
april12-3t-sun-tues-sat.

M. RICH has a large lot of white quilts 85 cents; towels at $1 00 per. dozen; ladies linen handkerchief at $1 00 per dozen; fine linen doylies at 65 cents per dozen; table linens and all house furnishing goods at exceedingly low figures; These goods were bought for cash and are sold 25 per cent. less than there value.
april11dsun-tues-thurs.

C. H FILLEY, President. J. W. BUTCHER, Vice-President.
D. L. SKIDMORE, Sec'y and Treas.
"Western Oil Company,"
St. Louis, Missouri
STEAM OIL REFINERS, MANUFACTURERS OF RAILWAY AND MACHINE OILS, CAR AND AXLE GREASE AND REFINED TALLOW.
All Southern orders must be sent to
JAS. E. JATE,
P. O. Box 236
mar14-dlm&w2t Atlanta, Ga.

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.—Furchgott, Benedict & Co., are offering this spring the largest and best assorted stock of Spring Dry Goods, comprising the following departments: Dress Goods, Silks, Black Goods, Domestic, Linen, Flannel, Cloth, White Goods, Notions, Millinery, Hosiery, Flowers, Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth and Shades, at Retail at the Lowest Wholesale Prices. We can afford to sell them at such prices, as we buy only of commission merchants and importers.

☞For other prices and information in regard to the cheapest goods in the city, read our large advertisement.
apr1—dtf

IMMENSE STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Immense Stock of Clothing.
Immense Stock of Clothing.
NECESSITY COMPELS US TO SELL.
Necessity compels us to sell:
Necessity compels us to sell.
We can't afford to have two stocks
We can't afford to have two stocks
We can't afford to have two stocks
Of clothing is one house.
Of clothing is one house.
Of clothing in one house.
Such low prices have never been offered
Such low prices have never been offered
Such low prices have never been offered
COHEN & SELIG,
COHEN & SELIG,
COHEN & SELIG,
Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.
Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.
Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.
april11-2dsun-tues-sat

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Court—Heavy Judgment Against A Railroad—Business Before the Magistrates &c., &c., &c.

The Supreme Court.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY HARRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, April 10, 1875. MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 8. Argument concluded.

No. 9. Amanda Bayernore vs. Martha Davis. Equity, from Bibb. Argued. R. F. Lyon; Nisbet, Bacon & Hines, for plaintiff in error.

Lenies & Anderson, Hill & Harris, contra.

No. 11. Edwin S. Gray vs. George S. Obear, trustee. Equity, from Bibb. R. F. Lyon; J. & J. C. Rutherford, for plaintiff in error.

Lenier & Anderson, Hill & Harris, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Lyon the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday next

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. JOHN L. HOPKINS, JUDGE.

Court met at half-past eight o'clock, and took up the following business:

W. G. Hume, vs. Alsten & Co. Dismissed, as the suit should have been against Alston & Grady, and another has been so brought which is now pending. Thomas Finley for plaintiff.

W. M. Gill, vs. R. P. S. Kimbro. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $1,735 principal, with interest and costs.

Atlanta national bank, vs. Patrick Fitzgibbons. Judgment by default for plaintiffs for $1,867 50 principal, with interest and costs.

C. F. Akers, plaintiff in error, vs. Charles Fechner, defendant in error. Judgment in supreme court affirming the judgment of the superior court, received and entered on the record. A. B. Culberson for defendant in error.

Aaron Alexander, plaintiff in error, vs. James W. Herring, et. al., executors, defendants in error. Same order taken. L. F. Bleckley for defendant in error.

Shepherd McCrary & Co., plaintiffs in error, vs. John Ryan, executor, defendant in error. Judgment of supreme court reversing the judgment of the superior court received. L. F. Bleckley for plaintiffs.

Kalb & Phinizy, plaintiffs in error vs. Mary E. and J. D. Franklin, administrato s, defendants in error. Judgment of the superior court affirmed by the supreme court. L. F. Bleckly for defendants.

A. B. Latham & Bro., vs. Brunce & Davis. Trial. Verdict for plaintiff for $146 90 principal, with interest and costs. Lester & Thompson for plaintiffs.

HEAVY JUDGMENT AGAINST THE GEORGIA WESTERN ROAD.

Grant, Alexander & Co., vs. The Georgia Western Railroad Company. Complaint of contractor's lien, and stated account in Fulton superior court. In this case the order was taken:

"These being no issuable defence filed on oath in the above stated case, judgment is rendered for the plaintiffs against the defendants, for the sum of forty thousand five hundred and ninety nine dollars and eighty cents, as their principal debt. Thirty-five thousand dollars and ten cents, as interest to April 10th 1875, and accruing interest, and — dollars for costs of suit, to be levied of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the defendant, and especially of the grading, culverts, and appurtenances, of the Georgia Western railroad and the premises on real estate, on which said railroad is erected or built, together with the depot grounds, and all other real estate connected with the railroad, including the rights of rear and rights of way, and franchises of the defendant, upon which (after the production of due and legal proof that the plaintiff's claim of lien was duly filed, recorded and declared upon as required by the statute.) It is ordered and adjudged that the plaintiffs have a lien, and that the same is here by foreclosed. The superior court then adjourned until Monday morning.

CASES FOR TRIAL MONDAY.

Vernoy & Co. vs. Lane, Grant & Co.
Same vs. The G te City Foundry.
Lilley vs. the mayor and council.
Caswell vs the mayor and council.
Jackson county coal mine vs. Wilson & Neal.
Smith et al. vs. Chisholm, adm'r.

THE UNITED STATES COURTS.

The courts were formally adjourned yesterday over to their next fall term. No business was transacted beyond the completion of the account's of the various officers. Judge Erskine left last night for Savannah to hold court there. He was accompanied by the marshal Major Smyth. The district attorney left Friday night.

THE MAGISTRATES.

A novel prosecution is now pending before Justice Walker. Mr. Charles Hetzel swore out a warrant against Mr. John McGee, charging him with allowing minors to play on his billiard table on the 9th day of this month.

Mr. McGee controls the billiard and barroom of the National hotel. The minors alluded to in the warrant are J. G. Holliday and Augustus Krele.

This is the first prosecution of the kind that has come to our knowledge in this city. It is set for trial Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Peter Hill, the darkey of civil rights bill notoriety, and a negro named Charly Adams, had a fight yesterday, n ar the old Walton springs, on Church street. The difficulty originated in an insult which Hill had offered to Adams' wife. Adams got badly whipped, and has taken out a warrant against Hill for assault and battery, which Justice Walker will also investigate on Monday.

NEGRO STEALING CASE.

Mysterious Disappearance of a Boy from the National Hotel.

Fruitless Efforts to Find Him, etc.

A case of remarkable disappearance of a negro lad has just come to light in our city. The boy is a bright mulatto about fourteen years of age, and is named Walton Turner. His parents Floyd and Mary Turner live here, and are negroes of remarkably good characters. Walter was employed as a waiter at the National hotel. Some eight or ten days ago two northern gentlemen came to the hotel, and while three took a great fancy to the boy. One of them was named Smith and he came from New York. They repeatedly asked Walter if he would go home with them and wait on them. He told his mother of these requests, but she did not dream of his leaving. Last Tuesday he left home at his usual hour to go to his work at the hotel, and this is the last his parents have seen of him. He left the city Wednesday morning, and it is supposed with these men. His parents are overwhelmed with affliction, and his mother we learn is nearly crazy with grief. They have telegraphed to various points on the Western & Atlantic road, where they were informed Smith had stopped, but so far without success. We hope they may fare better than Mr. Ross and find their child, as well as bring the parties who induced him to leave to grief.

New Music.

Golden locks have turned to gray, Addison 35
The Lane that led to school, Danks 35
Out in the Snow, Hays 40
There is a letter in the candle, Evans 30
Winnie Bell, White 40
Pretty as a Picture, Bishop 35
Close the Shutters Willie is dead, Stewart 30
Dear Little Heart, Millard 40
You are always Young to me, Danks 35
Don't forget to write me Darling, Laurie der 40
Alet I Sweet, Bishop 30
Li tle voices sweetly calling, Danks 30
Tallulah Waltz, Blander 35
Toccos Redowa, Blander 40
Ozana's polti ch, Blander 35
Where the Lemons Bloom Waltz. Strauss 75

The above pieces can be had at "The Great Southern Music store" of
PHILLIPS & CREW,
april11-dlt No. 4 Marietta St.

Carpets, Mattings, and Curtains,

Wm. A. Haygood has a full stock of goods in the above line. Call and see him.
21 MARIETTA ST.
april 11-dlt.

Mineral Springs.

Postponed sale of Geo. Johnson's property. At the Atlanta Mineral Springs 3 beautiful building lots will be positively sold to the highest bidder on Tuesday, the 20th day of April, 1875, at 4 o'clock. Guarantee titles free of incumbrances. Those wishing to purchase would do well to examine the lots before day of sale. Mr. Johnson, will take pleasure in showing them. Don't forget the day and date.
WALLACE & FOWLER,
Real Estate Agents.
No. 9 Alabama St.
April 11d3t-sun-thur-sun.

Warning to the Ladies.

Don't buy your machine needles, attachments, oil, notions or novelties, until you call at the Novelty Depot next to James Block, 11 Whitehall street. april11-d2sun.

VEGETABLES! VEGETABLES! VEGETABLES!
Have now in store, and will continue to keep during the season, a complete stock of GREEN GROCERIES at wholesale and retail.
JNO. T. HAGAN.
apr7—d1t

AUCTION.—The great bank-upt sale of Dry Goods will be continued and night, at 99 Peachtree street, during this week. Special sale for ladies every day at 3 o'clock.
BAPTIST & GRANTHAM, Auctioneers.
apr7—dt.

THE ladies can find a better line of children clothing at Cohen & Selig's than anywhere.
apr11-3t-sun-tues-sat.

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apr11-3t-sun-tues-sat.

THE HOP AT MARIETTA.

Nichols' Hall Blazing with Beauty and Radiant with Loveliness—The Most Enjoyable Affair of the Season.

The young gentlemen of Marietta gave a complimentary hop at Nichols' hall on Friday night. They made a special engagement with "Old Probs" for pleasant weather, and he complied with it.

The following constituted the committees:

Committee of arrangements.—H. Van Wyck, Dr. C. C. Allen, F. H. Northcutt J. H. Crowder, J. F. Leake, J. R. Coryell, J. J. Hunt.

Committee of invitation—A. Iverson Branham, G. K. Camp, W. M. Lewis, Barrington King, S. Roland Atkinson, S. H. Anderson.

Floor managers—H. Van Wyck, J. P. Leake, J. H. Crowder, Dr. C. C. Allen, J. R. Coryell.

The following is the list of dances, twenty-one in number:

Quadrille (a la militaire.)
Waltz.
Quadrille, (knickerbocker.)
Schottische and Waltz.
Lancers.
Polka and Varsouvienne.
Quadrille (coquette.)
Waltz, (glide.)
Quadrille.
Waltz and Galop, (French, new.)
Quadrille, (tucker.)
Waltz, (hop.)
Lancers.
Schottische and Galop.
Quadrille, (star.)
Spanish Dance.
Quadrille.
Waltz and Mazourka.
Quadrille, (civil rights, new.)
Waltz.
Virginia Reel, ("au revoir.")

WHO WERE THERE.

Among the numerous beauties present we append the names of the following:

Miss Benedict, white dress.
Miss Willis McCleskey, red.
Miss Nannie McCleskey, black silk, with white overskirt.
Miss Ida Nichols, white.
Miss Julia Allen, blue silk.
Miss Lelia Hurt, blue silk.
Miss Elmore, drab.
Miss Ella Hammett, red and white overskirt.
Miss Lilla Dobbs, red with white overskirt.
Miss Blanche Rood, black silk.
Miss Ina Cleland, black with white overskirt.
Miss Bessie Cleland, red.
Miss Fannie Rice, red with white overskirt.
Miss Ella Atkinson, black silk.
Miss Allie McLelland, solferino.
Miss Aille Wing, drab.
Miss Annie Linton, black silk.
Miss Rahm, black with white overskirt.
Miss Logan, white.
Miss Sallie Hutchinson, white.
Miss Ormsby, blue with white overskirt.
Miss Bella Branham, red with white overskirt.
Miss Pauline Schoenthrall, white.
Miss Julia Anderson, black silk.
Miss Bessie Baker, white.
Miss Minnie Iverson, red.
Miss Ellen Howell, red.
Miss Lettie Howell, black silk.

If any of the dresses are not correctly described, or any names omitted, the omission is not ascribed to the brilliant fascinations surrounding the writer, causing him to get things mixed.

Among the young gentlemen present were J. G. Lowry, E. B Loveman, C. W. Dupre, of Atlanta; J. S. Rowland, of Hartow; W. C. Battey, of Rome; E. P. Spencer, jr., of Columbus; J. Akers, A. R. Smith, of New York; C. K. Knowles, of Columbia, S. C.

One fact cannot be disputed, and that is, for beautiful women Marietta bears off the palm.

The toiletts would have honored any occasion of the kind. The sparkling eyes, rosy cheeks, ruby lips, pearly teeth and queenly forms of the fair ladies assembled at Nichols' hall seemed to gather additional attractions from the exhibition of the dance, while their pretty little feet illustrated the "poetry of motion" on the floor. The Willies, Ida, Blanches, Lilas, etc., were grand epics whose f et were attuned to the inspiriting measure of the pleasure-inciting dance.

THE DANCING.

Dancing was kept up until near three o'clock Saturday morning, and judging from the actions of certain young men we think that the main portion of the crowd were deeper in love at the close than at the beginning. When young men can't sleep at night it is a sure indication.

The floor was as smooth as glass, and many of the dancers found in circling round the ups and downs of life. It was a notable fact that when a young lady fell she rebounded from the floor and recovered her position in a moment. The young men scrambled around (especially those with high-heeled boots) vigorously in a desperate effort to assume a perpendicular attitude. It was an amusing spectacle to see a young man attempt to grasp his partner's hand, and slide clear beyond her, clawing the air, his fingers resembling a gridiron struck by lightning.

The more skillful during the time of the promenade skated over the floor as if on an iceberg.

Bob Boyd, although a married man, has not forgotten his fondness for the female world, and he was on hand as full of vivacity as usual. He attempted to skate on his head but his feet were too large or something of that sort, and so he gave up the effort. Bob is a brick anyhow.

Dr. C. C. Allen was the life of the evening. His genial manners and sparkling wit charm while they enliven.

The music was furnished by the Marietta colored band, Andy Rogers leader. It is an excellent band. Many of the pupils of that flourishing institution, the Marietta Female college were out, looking charming. We are pleased to learn that Rev. I. R. Branham is meeting with great success in this institution.

Our young friends Neal and Massey of the Journal were out, and we are under obligations to them for courtesies and favors. They seemed to be the special "pets" of the ladies and we esteem them all the more on that account. The hop was a brilliant success in every particular.

We promised not to tell on the Atlanta young men who set up all night and played billiards, and we won't.

The Kenesaw house, under the charge of Mr. J. Q. A. Lewis, maintains its old popularity. During the winter a number of northern visitors have been its guests, and in a few weeks the summer visitors will seek its comfortable quarters. It is one of the best hotels in the south.

Seats Free.

We are requested to state that the seats will be free at the First Baptist church on the occasion of the repetition by Rev. E. W. Warren of his sermon to young men, on Sunday night the 11th inst. Services at 7:45 P. M. The usher will endeavor to supply each visitor with a comfortable seat. Will not every young man in the city be present?

Sermon to Young Men.

At the request of the Atlanta Young Men's Christian Association, Rev. E. W. Warren will repeat his sermon to young men this evening at 7 1-2 o'clock, at the First Baptist church, corner of Walton and Forsyth streets. Young men should hear this most excellent discourse.

JOHN KEELY'S immense store room has been a mart of activity during the past week. He has some 12 or 15 clerks employed and still it has been difficult to get waited on. This is accounted for by the fact that he has just purchased an immense stock of goods cheap for cash, and consequently is offering inducements beyond parallel. Read his notice in another column of our paper, and call and see the goods. One thing is certain, he never advertises anything but what he has to show, and comes fully up to the advertisement. He tells us that he delivered at the houses of his customers one day last week over 100 bundles. This looks like trade for those times, but the captain is selling goods so low, and they are so fresh and pretty that it is not surprising.

PARLOR CONCERT.—A parlor concert will be given next Thursday night at the residence of Mr P. H. Snook for the benefit of the mission of the Redeemer. Some of the best musical amateurs in the city will take part. The house is sure to be crowded. After the concert there will be strabberries, ice cream, coffee, etc. We are sure that all will be delighted who attend.

ST. PAUL'S M. E. Church, corner Hunter and Ball streets—Rev. W. A. Dodge, pastor. Preaching, 11 a. m, and 7½ p. m by the pastor. Sabbath school, 3 p. m. — J. K. Thrower, superintendent. Public cordially invited.

AM receiving by express daily, all the early vegetables of the season, cabbages, parsnips, carrots, beets, onions, lettuce, English peas, soup bunches, etc., etc. Come to Hagan's, one and all, and be supplied. apr7—dtf

CHALLENGE.—I offer a reward of two hundred dollars to any person who can make a better hand-made Cigar than I can. The above challenge offered from factory.
F. D. BROCKMANN.
apr10-d2t

THE centennial novelty can be used as a polisher, as a knife sharpener and as a can opener. It is certainly one of the most simple and useful articles we have seen. Every family should save it.

ANOTHER SPELLING BEE.—The ladies of the First Methodist church will give a spelling bee at DeGive's next Friday night. The programme will be rich, rare and racy.

RICHARD is himself again. R. B. Payne will commence work in repairing his store and will leave to-morrow night for New York for a new stock of goods.

COLUMBIA HOUSE is general headquarters for country merchants. april11-d3sun.

HIS HONOR, THE RECORDER.

A Few Extracts from His Little Court.

The court was in his seat promptly at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and an awful stillness came over the assembled multitude as he deposited his well-worn beaver under his chair, pulled back his cuffs and opened the black book. There was a variegated crowd in the court room. It embraced people of almost every condition in life, and of every color. The darkey predominated, as he usually does on occasions of this kind, but there was a strong smattering of white brothers. These spectators looked as solemn as if they were at a funeral while Captain Anderson's eyes were upon them, but whenever he turned his head grins and smothered exclamations came in order, so that before court was over two darkies were captured from the rear of the crowd and brought to the front to be fined for laughing in the wrong place.

A YOUNG LADY ON HER MUSCLE.

As the name of Laura Young rang out in sonorous accents of the aforesaid Anderson, a mulatto damsel stepped lightly forward to the bar. Laura has one of those remarkable countenances which promise a heap but never carry out the promise. Her head had never felt the sacrilegious touch of a comb, and her dress was an extraordinary compound of all materials. An aged dame who called herself Mahalie Grant, stood forth to prefer charges against the festive Laura, and a doleful tale she told. It appeared that Mahalie is the maternal grandmother of Laura, and as such assumed control of some things belonging to the young lady. Laura did not bear this irruption upon her goods with that serenity so becoming in a grandaughter. She expostulated with the old lady and as her expostulations were carried on at the far end of a broom Mahalie found them too sticking to withstand and beat a retreat. Laura's jaw worked about as fast as her arm and the street was soon filled with an interested crowd of spectators. The court remarked that Laura ought to go where she could play the oth r end of her broom, and put her down for $10 and costs.

Two lumps of pitch about three and a half feet high were lead in next by the coat collar. They were Sam Walker and Camp Rogers. Sam and Camp used to be friends and pushed the same handcart, but like all friends they at last had a little falling out. They concluded to settle it Thursday morning in front of the National hotel, and for about five minutes they succeeded in making things in that street pretty lively. Rocks and oaths flew about promiscuously, and all the people in the vicinity retired around the adjacent corners.

Camp had knocked Sam down twice, and was putting in his third blow, when the police descended upon them, and they subsided.

The court instructed Captain Anderson to pin $5 and costs to their coat tails, and carry them back, which was done.

A NEW RECRUIT.

George Washington, who is about as little as his name is great, and whose fond ambition is to be the darkest negro in the city, was arraigned upon the charge of assuming to be a policeman. George was wandering about the place of the late fire on Whitehall street, to see if anything had been left lying around there loo-e, when he came upon a half burnt policeman's club. He pounced upon his prize, and astonished a whole mob of little darkies, by the majesty of his attitude, and the way he could flourish that stick.

Finally a little colored girl came along, and as she was a nice looking little girl, George concluded he would arrest her. He told her that he was gwine to carry her to the guard house, and shoved at her with his stick, but just then he got picked up himself, and he and his club were separated. That club frolic cost George $5.

WHAT RUNNING OVER A MAN COSTS.

Jeff Lee is a negro drayman, and loves to go fast. Jeff is very fond of charging through a crowd, and it is his cep cial delight to turn street corners at a gallop.

If anybody should happen to get knocked over, it don't matter much o Jeff, and the louder the unfortunate party can cuss, the prouder Jeff can grin. Friday morning Jeff and his mule and dog, knocked over an elderly gentleman who did not take the matter so quietly. He failed completely to see any joke in it, and in the fullness of his wrath, he had Jeff arrested. Jeff is now in durance vile, in default of $10, and the street corners don't echo to the tread of his mule any more.

MORE WIFE WHIPPING.

Bill Moore whips his wife. The court wouldn't believe it at first yesterday, and kept on when it found that the statement was too true. Now if Bill had thrashed his Lizzie at home, as any proper minded husband would have done, he would be a richer man to-day, but Bill allowed his feelings to overpower him, and thrashed her on the street. It appeared that Lizzie had gone out without either his knowledge or consent, and when Bill got home he could find either supper or wife. This made him feel bad, so he forked a pair old umbrella, and started forth to hunt up his missing half. He found her on a corner gazing placidly through a store window at a jar of candy. Bill told her to go home, but she wouldn't. Then he opened on her with that umbrella, and Lizzie lifted up her voice so that it was heard almost a mile. This was Lizzie's story. The court wiped its eyes, and told Bill he could go, but that before so doing he had better leave $10 behind for the court to remember him by. Bill left it.

Alfred Boreman plead guilty to being drunk, and having his shoes stolen. Alfred who is both white and black, said he fell asleep on the door-steps of a colored judge's house to rest him elf. He fell asleep, and while he was asleep the lady friend stole his shoes. The court said it was sorry, but that he ought not to sleep around loose. Under the circumstances Alfred could go upon the payment of $5 and costs.

After pronouncing this judgment the court put on its hat, and dispersed.

THE SPELLING BEE.

The Young Men's Library clear almost $175.

We were pleased to learn yesterday that the recent spelling bee panned out handsomely. The gross receipts amounted to $358,90. Deducting all expenses, this will leave a neat profit of about $175.

The young men's library association will be greatly benefited by the money. The receipts show that more than twelve hundred people must have been present.

An Antidote Beyond Question.

Soon after Dr. Collins's painless opium antidote was introduced in our midst by B. M Woolley, of our city, the doctor's reliable and efficient agent for the Southern states, we took a decided position in its behalf as a most remarkably efficient and much needed remedy. Mr. Woolley at that time had his office next door to us, and we, by frequent inquiries and close observations, learned sufficient to satisfy our mind, beyond a doubt, of the fact that the medicine was all it claimed to be. We have had no occasion since to regret our indorsement and recommendation of it, but great pleasure in the reflection that we have been, to some extent, the instrument in changing the gloom and despondence surrounding many a wretche into cheerfulness, and to that dropping and once sorely afflicted family, restored to health and prosperity, can only fully appreciate.

We to-day present in another column a letter from an old and reliable citizen and practitioner of many years standing, Dr. Dillworth, of Stone Mountain, Ga., addressed to B. M. Woolley, which we hope every one will read. It speaks for itself. Dr. Dillworth is a plain unassuming gentleman whose statements can be relied upon without doubt. Mr. Woolley tells us he has hundreds of similar letters from other patients and physicians which would be given to the public were he permitted by these authors to do so, but that not more than one out of fifty of the patients cured will permit their names or the history of their cures to be given to the public, and that many good men and good physicians are unwilling to say all they have witnessed of its good effects, much less recommend its use for fear of being misunderstood and accused of recommending a patent medicine among which there are so many humbugs. Though Dr. Collins keeps the contents of his remedy and the manner of compounding the same to himself; yet he has not patented it, but, we are informed, prepares each supply according to the nature of the particular case and the information furnished by the patient or the patient's family physician. No doubt to this fact much of his unparalled success in curing the opium habit is due. He treats the case according to the indications.

We unhesitatingly repeat our recommendation to all persons afflicted with the opium habit to call on or write to Mr. Woolley for particulars, and get the great cure of the age, "Dr. Collin's Painless Opium Antidote." It does what is claimed for it.

The Hepthorpn.

The grandest, and probably the last, ball of the season will be given under the auspices of the Beethoven society, at the Kimball House, on the 27th inst.

The young men of the city have the management of the ball and a glance at the names which appear upon the committees assures that the ball will be a grand success.

Handsome invitations will be sent out, and every preparation made for the comfort and pleasure of the evening.

The music for the occasion will be furnished by the orchestra of the society, consisting of twenty instruments, and will be a treat, not only to lovers of good music, but to those who "trip the light fantastic toe."

LADIES BATHS.—Quite a number of ladies luxuriated in Dr. Wilson's Turkish bath last Friday. Ladies will bathe again Tuesday from 10 to 12 A. M. We call special attention to the advertisement of Dr. Wilson in another column. Go and try the baths.

COHEN & SELIG advertise in this issue an enticing line of goods. Examine what they say and then call on them.

KISER & WATSON have dry goods in full spring stock. Ladies dress goods they are offering at strong inducements.

SPELLING IN THE HIGH-SCHOOL.

Miss Dora Castlebury and Miss Maggie Crankshaw the Victors.

On Friday a spelling bee took place in the girls' high-school, conducted on scientific principles. The fair spellers acquitted themselves admirably. The words were of the most difficult class, nevertheless they were attacked with a spirit not excelled by any other bee in the land. At last the contest was narrowed down to two—Miss Dora Castlebury and Miss Maggie Crankshaw, between whom the wordy war lasted for over an hour.

These young ladies have a remarkable memory of words, spelling almost by intuition.

Personal Paragraphs.

—Capt. Sidney Dell delivers the address for the Odd Fellows on the 26th.

—Gen. W. S. Walker, of this city, delivers the memorial address in Griffin on the 26th.

—Col. M. Van Estes, of the Gainesville Eagle, was in the city yesterday.

—Call on Dr. Madison ye bald-headed and obtain King's magnolia balm.

—James Noble, Sr., "noblest Roman of them all," was in the city yesterday looking well.

—Capt. John Milledge delivers the memorial address on the 26th. The ladies may expect a rare treat.

—We are glad to see our friend Jno. W. Adams, Esq., of Atlanta. John honored us with a call yesterday.—*Columbus Times.*

—Prof. B. F. Moore, principal of Moore's business college, left last night for Wilmington, Delaware. The reason will be explained in the papers in a few days.

—A. T. McIntyre. Send him back to congress. We do not forget his manly effort with regard to the cotton tax bill. He is opposed to monopolies and corrupt cliques.—*Columbus Times.*

—Job Tyler, Sr., is a hearty, vigorous hard working man, and moves about as if he bore twenty years less upon his shoulder. He is the father of twelve boys, eleven of whom are now living, and residing in this county, the youngest being 14 years of age. Six of these boys served in the confederate army, and did good service in the cause of right and freedom during the entire war; one of the six died from the result of wounds received in battle. Mr. Tyler is now 63 years of age, full of energy, and asserts that he can do as much work in a day as any man. And now for the secret of his success, for Mr. Tyler is a man of means, he never bought one barrel of corn in his life, and raises all of his own meat.—*Jasper Banner.*

—Dr. Lovick Pierce, now high a hundred, is now writing some admirable papers called "Theology in Miniature." That old man is a wonder. He's like the Comstock Lode in California, when you think he ought to shallow, he suddenly shows a "new lead" richer than the mints of money yet yielded. It is said the Spaniards mounted the uniform of the dead Cid on his charger, and won battles by the war clothes of their buried chieftain. The manner of life of this brave old man cannot die. Our "king of men," (as Homer calls a matchless Argive champion) in his last hours, lays

MISS HELEN.

It was a wild, romantic spot,
On a bank of the Bois Doree,
Whose rushing waters carried not
In their race for St. Louis bay,
And there sat by the side of the yellow stream
A fisherman, bearded, and broad of beam;
A skilful angler for perch, with skill supreme,
The whole of that summer's day.

The fish were shy, or the bait was stale,
Or the water too muddy, I ween,
For never a perch flapped a silvery tail
On the bank where the fisher was seen—
Not a bite, not a sign of a nibble, to show
That here in the depths of the broad bayou
Was perch, or pike, or pompano,
Or garfish pearly green.

As the yellow sun was going down,
To the sound of the marsh-hen's cry,
The fisherman's brow was marked with a frown,
And his broad breast heaved with a sigh;
For his hook was fast in a hidden crag,
A water logged bough, or the root of a flag
Such as wave where the naiads lie.

To his feet arose that fisher brave—
That fisherman broad of beam—
And, with delicate care, essayed to save
His dip'y and hook from the stream.
'Twas delicate care and delicate touch,
But more than a little was much too much;
A jerk too many, a pull to strong,
And prone on his back he lay, along
With prickly prongs of cactus plants,
That pierced the linen of blouse and pants
In band, and body, and seam.

Did he rave and tear his shaggy hair,
As men are wont to do?
This fisherman—did he curse and swear
Until the air in red blue?
Far from it. One brawny hand he laid
On his port side, where many a blade
Of cactus had gone through;
The other he slowly raised aloft,
As he heaved a heavy sigh,
And then, in accents sad and soft,
"Helen Blazes!" I heard him cry.

How sweet, methought, is the love that quells
The evil passions that rises and swells,
Within the troubled soul,
When pain excites the wicked swear,
Or disappointment, cons, or care,
Leave woe, instead of comfort, there,
And misery holds con'rol!
Sweet Helen! May thine influence
Bide ever with him thus;
Thy spirit soothe the rage intense
That prompts the spoken cuss;
For men will rave, and men will swear,
And carry on, and rip and tear,
And break the decalogue everywhere,
If thou, dear woman, be not there
To counsel and to keep them clear
Of things iniquitous

BREVITIES.

—The new boy emperor of China affixes his X to the slam-bang name of Kwang su.

—The new edition of Encyclopædia Britannica is set up with type-composing machines.

—The pope has forwarded $200 as a contribution toward rebuilding St. Patrick's church, Hartford, which was burned a few months ago.

—B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, participated in a spelling match recently, and was bowled over on the first roll.

—You never hear a woman with a No. 3 foot howling against short dresses. It's the females with raisin-box pedals that are raising this row.—*Catskill Recorder.*

—We read in the Bible, in the thirteenth chapter of I Samuel, that "there was no Smith found throughout all the land of Israel."

—It is said that nothing will cure a poet's affection for his idol sooner than to catch her at the dinner table excavating the kernel of a hickory nut with a hair-pin

—The Providence Press is puzzling itself over the question whether "asininity" is contagious. Guess not. The dictionaries haven't got it, and they're around most everywhere.

—A fashion editor reports that the Easter bonnets have got a hurricane deck, a bell tower, signal lights, birds of Paradise, quail, Welch rabbits, and flower gardens, ad lib.

—The Shoe and Leather Journal says 2,500 sets of foreign harness were imported into this country last year. Merry, the great English maker, keeps twenty hands employed upon orders for American customers.

—England is a good market for autographs, yet any one who should undertake to construct rules of value for them would have a difficult task. At a recent sale a letter of Queen Mary brought $410; an autograph of Mary Queen of Scots, $285, and one of Burns, $300.

—Smooth it over as we may; stow it away in the farthermost recess of a cave of gloom; hurl curses upon the tongue that tells us so, and the fact still remains that there are fifteen hundred thoroughly organized base-ball clubs in the United States.

—John Roarke, of Danby, Vermont, eloped with a girl only twelve years old. Her father caught them just after marriage, and the three talked the matter over calmly. The upshot was a tripartite covenant that the bride should go home and live four years, when the husband may go and get her.

—A Pittsburgh man, Singerly by name, has conceived the idea of revolutionizing the spelling books of the country, and has offered a reward or $500 in gold for the best compilation of a spelling book. The enterprise has grown out of the spelling-school mania.

—The spelling mania is taking queer shapes. A Madison county (Ill.) girl has offered herself as a prize to the one of her four suitors who outspells the other. The trial is to come off next Saturday in the district school-house, and 25 cents admission is to be charged, the money to go towards furnishing a house for the young couple.

—The Brooklyn Argus conveys the melancholy intelligence that "Beecher is good for three weeks more." It also predicts that the rebuttal testimony, summing up and charge to the jury will take up all the time to the first of July. At the expiration of that time the journalists of the country should unite in the observance of a thanksgiving day.

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Cotton weak and nominal; sales 188 bales; uplands 16¾; Orleans 17.

Futures opened steady; April 16¾a16 9-16; May 16 11-16a16 23-32; June 17 1-16a17⅛; July 17⅝; August 17 17-32a17 9-16; September 17⅝a17¾.

Flour firm. Wheat firm. Corn quiet and firm. Pork quiet at $22 75. Lard firm; steam 15 9-16a15⅝. Turpentine firm at 36½a37. Rosin steady at $2 10a$2 12½ for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Money 4. Gold 15⅝. Exchange—long $4 86; short $4 90. Governments active. State bonds quiet.

LIVERPOOL, April 10, noon.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8; middling Orleans 8⅝a8⅝; sales 10,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export.

LIVERPOOL, April 10, 2 P.M.—Cotton sales to-day includes 5,800 bales American; cotton to arrive dull; sales on a basis of middling Orleans, nothing below low middlings delivered in April or May 8. Breadstuffs quiet.

LONDON, April 10.—Erie 26¾.

PARIS, April 10.—Rentes 63f 75c.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Arrived—S. W. Haven, Mosel. Arrived out—St. Louis, Lord Dalhousie, Minnie, Barlecigana, George Henry, State of Georgia, George Hurburt, Aspholden. Homeward—Ulsire, Architect, after putting back.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., April 10, 1875.

Markets quiet. Meats weak. Flour advanced; stiff at present prices. Produce lagging.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at $1 12; selling at $1 14. Silver, buying at $1 04; selling at $1 08.

Exchange.—Buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s 80a82; 7s 90a92; 8s $1 00a$1 03. Atlanta water bonds 73a75. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a73; 8s 84a86. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 78a82; Georgia Railroad bonds, 90a92. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 65a70; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 90a92. Central Railroad stock 56a60; Savannah bonds 92.

Atlanta Produce Market.

Pork—7½c gross, per car load.
Beef cattle—3½c.
Dried Fruit—Peaches unpealed 5½a6½; peaches pealed 10a14½; apples pealed 6½a7c.
Butter—country 18a25; Tennessee 25a30.
Beeswax—27a28.
Eggs—21a5c.
Feathers—60a60.
Eggs—14c.
Poultry—grown chickens 25a27½; geese, 50c by the coop; ducks 25a30.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Corn—white $1 05; Tennessee $1a$1 02.
Meal—$1 05.
Oats—75 bs.
Buckwheat— $10 per bbl.
Wheat—white $1 25a$1 65; amber $1 20a$1 40; red $1 20a1 25.
Oats—75.
Clay Peas—$1 75.
Cow Peas—$1 50.
Hay—Timothy $1 50a$1 60; clover $1 25a$1 35.

Tennessee $1 25a$1 35.
Flour—Family $7 50, extra family $7 00; family 6 50a extra 6 25; superfine $5 25.
Bacon—new s. c. hams 15; clear rib sides 13½; clear sides 14; shoulders 10½.
Bulk Meat—clear rib sides 13½; long clear sides none; clear sides 13½; shoulders 9½; hams 13½.
Lard—tierces 10½a17; kegs and cans 18; buckets 19.
Hams—sugar-cured 15a16½.
Sore—Annawakes 12a17.
Ties—6a7½.
Spices—pepper 28; ginger 18; alspice 20 nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.
Salt—Virginia $1 75; Liverpool $1 65.
Mackerel—No. 1 ½ bbls $7 75; kits $1 75. No. 2 half bbls $5 00; kits $1 50. No. 3 bbls, full weight, $11 00; ½ bbls, $5a$5 50; kits $1 50.
Vinegar—24a40.
Sugar—A 11½; extra C 10, white extra C 11½; yellow C 10a10½; Demerara 10½a11; yellows, N. O. fair to choice 8½a10½.
Coffee—Rio 22a24; Laguira 26; Java 38
Molasses—Black strap 45.
Syrups—New York 50a75; New Orleans 75a80.
Soap—poor man's $3 50; laundry $2 50
English crown $3 75.
Salt—Liverpool $1 75.
Potatoes—Early rose $5 00; Goodrich $5; peerless $5 00.
Starch—6½.
Rice—Java 8½; tierces 8½.
Soda—kegs 6½; assorted papers 7½.
Crackers—C soda 4½a6; A soda 5½a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6a8; milk 9½a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 8½a10; C cream 8½a10; lemon cream 9½a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 13a15; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 15a20; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a13; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.
Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a$3 75; fancy 18a35.
Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oysters, per dozen $1a1 10; 2 lb. oysters, per dozen, $2 25a2 50; sardines, per case, $17a17 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 75a2 00; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a2 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; eagle brand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.
Pickles, mustard and sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; qts, half doz $2 25a2 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5. Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 25; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.
Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 2a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50
Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.
Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per Tean—Oolong 75a$1; imperial 75a$1; gunpowder 75a$1.
box, $3 50.
Cheese—State dairy 15a18½.
Onions—silver skin, very choice $5 50a6 red $3 50a4.
Apples—choice to fancy $5a6.
Oranges—Louisiana, each 2½a3½.
Lemons—per box $7 50a8.
Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4 half $1 85a2; quarters $1.
Currants—per lb. 10a12½.
Citron—Leghorn, per lb 44a45; English
Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new 25a30 17½.
Dates—In 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15
Prunes—in bbls, per lb 12½a14.
Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.
Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2 00; Wilmington fancy per lb 10.
Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.
Wood Ware—2 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets, per dozen $8 50; 3 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets per doz $9 50; 2 hp brass-bound juniper buckets $6; 3 hp juniper buckets $7; 2 hp painted buckets $3 50a $ 00; well buckets 65a6 50; painted tubs, 3 in nest, $3 65a3 75; No. 18 sieves per doz. $2 25; brooms, per doz, $2 75a4 50; matches, parlor per gross $3 25; ball boxes per doz $3 00.
Lime—35a50; hydraulic $1 50.
Cement—$3 50a4.
Concentrated Lye, per case, $3 50; potash, per case, $3 00.
Copperas—4c.
Kerosene Oil—18a20.
Blacking—35a70
Candles—17½.
Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50
Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.
Nails—For 12d, 10d, $3 75. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.
Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.
Shot—drop, per bag, $2 40; buck, per bag, $2 75.
Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $11a13 50; steel 30a32; shovels—Ames' 12a14 50; horse and mule shoes 7a8; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes by carload standard sizes $2 20a3 00; by carload sundry sizes $3 15a5 90; plow steel 4a6.
Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 16a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.
Wool—Washed 35a50c; unwashed 25c.
Yarn—$1 20.
Seeds—Clover $9 00; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 25; blue grass $2; herd's grass 2 25; Hungarian millet $2.

Tobacco.

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 50a55; do., 11-in old 55a60; medium, 11-in old 65a75, good 11-in old 65a75; fine 11-in, old 75a85; bright navys 60a80; bright grs. 12-in 60a85; good 70a85; fine 85a90; 13-inch pounds, good 70a90; very fine, Gravely $1 10, fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10 70, Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per lb. $1 10; Log Cabin $1 10; Calhoun $1 25; Stubbs AAAA $1 10
Smoking—Durham, per pound 45a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50. The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65, case 60, Louisiana Perique $3; Virginia $1 50; Cavrice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75, Cavendish $1 25.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 45 to $1 90; 80 per cent., $1 20, white Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 45 to $3 00; Bourbon from $1 45 to $5; proof rye $1 45 to $6; apple brandy $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 45 to $2 00; cognac from $1 75 to $5; pure imported from $8 to $12. domestic $1 75a3; Jamaica rum $3 50a4 50; pure cherry brandy from 1 45 to $1 75; gin from $1 75 to $2 75; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $15, quarts, $14; Heidsic & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 14c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 20 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 17c; A A A 20c; B 12c; Minnehaha 7-8 22½c; A C A 30 inch 23c Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phœnix 4-4 26c; 8 in. 24.
Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 12 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.
Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Nantucking Sateen 13½c.
Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 10½c; Triton factory 14c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14; 6 o 12½.
Paper Cambrics—Manville 7½; Lonsdale 7½ Masonville 8c; S S & Sons 8c; Garner 7½c. high colors 8½c.
Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Richards 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.
Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 35c; Cubs 22½c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 23½; West Lake 22½c.
Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.
Linseys—12½a20c.
Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 50a60.
Paints—Amoskeag 8½; Arnold's specialty 10; Albion 9; Aucona 8½; Bedford 7½ 8½; Conestoga 8½a9; Dunnell's 9, Garner's 9; Hartel's 9, Sprague 8½a9; Gloucester 8½a9; Simpson's black 9, Simpson's grays 9; American 8½a9; Freeman's side bands 8; Allen's 8½a9.
Brown Sheetings and Shirtings.
Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 20; sewing and knitting thread 50c.
Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 7 cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 10 per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.
Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmarets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.
Eagle and Phœnix—stripes 11; fancies, fashion 12½c; checks 13; Georgia plaids 13½c.
Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings.
Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Ark wright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn 8. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 9c; K 38 in. 7½c. Cabot ½ 10c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 37 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 13c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c Lonsdale 36 in. 12½c. Social L. 36 in. 10c Suffolk L. 36 in. 7c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 15½c; OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcum H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 15½. Pocahontas 13½. Seaside 13½. Holmesville 13. Rosebud 13 Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 9½. Ballou & Son 10a12a9. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 10½. Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7.
Domestic Ginghams — Gloucester 9 1-1 Lancaster 12c; Baird 12c.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 6 50; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 50; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a4 00; white lead, per lb, 9½a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum asafœtida 40a50; acid, sulphuric, carboy, 11 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 18a1 20; tanners

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2c. Waste paper—Buying prices 1c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices 1c. Old Copper—Buying prices 11a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 35; Jute 16a25; Cotton 18a60; Flax 40a50.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

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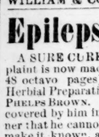
President.
ARMORY AND OFFICE,
HARTFORD, CONN.



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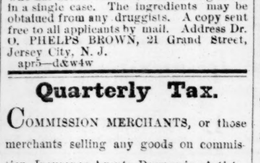

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